All Roads Lead to Chinook District, the Heart of the Golden Wheat Belt

THE CHINOOK ADVANCE

Vol. 16 — Chinook, Alberta, Thursday, January 21, 1932 — No. 40

PROVINCIAL LIBRARY ALBERTA JAN 28 1932 EDMONTON

Financial Statement
for the Year Ending December 31, 1931
for the
Village of Chinook, Alberta

Receipts

Cash on hand Dec. 31, 1930	$ 170 51	
Bank balance as at Dec 31, 1930	1056 45	
		$1226 96
Receipts on account Municipal Revenue		
Municipal Taxes including Costs	1361 70	
Business Tax	257 37	
		1619 07
Fines, Fees, Licenses, Commissions, Etc.		
Licenses	80 80	
Commissions, Government	1 84	
Refund on hospital vote	10 07	
Repaid relief accounts	9 70	
		102 41
Trust Monies Received		
Supplementary revenue	30 67	
School	10 39	
		41 06
Outstanding Cheques or Overdraft December 31, 1931		
Municipal account	207 26	
		207 26
Total		$3196 76

Payments

Outstanding cheques Dec. 31, 1930		$ 465 26
Administration		
Salaries—		
Secretary-Treasurer	$ 250 00	
Audit fees	10 00	
Printing, postage, stationery	52 50	
Exchange	1 55	
		314 05
Protection of Person and Property		
Fire department	47 25	
Destruction of pests	4 00	
		51 25
Grants, Aids, Relief, Etc.		
Relief and Indigents	152 30	
Wells	3 00	
		155 30
Public Works		
Roads, sidewalks, etc.	394 05	
Rinks, Etc.	14 45	
Street lighting	162 35	
Workmen's Comp Board	5 00	
Planting trees	11 75	
Surveys	19 55	
		607 15
Trust Monies Remitted		
Supplementary Revenue	30 67	
School	10 39	
		41 06
Balances December 31, 1931		
In bank	1344 71	
Cash on hand	217 98	
		1562 69
Total		$3196 76

Assets

Cash on hand Dec. 31, 1931, Municipal only	$ 217 98	
Bank balance Dec. 31, 1931, Municipal only	1344 71	
		$1562 69
Uncollected Municipal Taxes		
Municipal taxes	7518 60	
Less reserve against non collection	1879 40	
		5639 20
Accounts Receivable		
Commissions, supp. rev., $1 50; school 50 p.c.	2 00	
Government road grant	133 77	
		135 77
Fixed Assets		
Lands and buildings for village purposes	300 00	
Fire and office equipment	500 00	
		800 00
Trust Taxes		
Supplementary Revenue	533 44	
School	3228 10	
		3761 54
Total		$11899 20

Liabilities

Outstanding cheques at Dec 31, 1931		$ 207 26
Trust Taxes		
Supplementary revenue	533 44	
School	3228 10	
		3761 54
		7930 40
Total		$11899 20

Municipal Tax Statement

	Valuation	Current Levy at 20 mills	Amount Uncollected Dec. 30, 1931	Penalties and Costs Added 1931	Total Due	Amount Collected: Current	Amount Collected: Arrears	Amount Collected: Total	Discounts	Amount Uncollected Dec. 31, 1931
Land only	$13910 00	$1771 20								
Bldgs., improvements	73950 00									
Business	20415 00	376 00								
Licenses		125 00								
Totals		$2272 80	$6362 66	$635 76	$9271 22	$1463 95	$235 92	$1699 87	$52 74	$7518 60

Trust Tax Statement

	Equalized Levy or Requisition	Assessed Value	Mill Rate	Current Levy	Amount Uncollected Dec 31, 1930	Penalties Added in 1931	Total Due	Amount Collected in 1931	Exemp. and Cancell.	Amount Uncollected Dec. 31, 1931	Paid by Village dur. year 1931
Supplementary Revenue	$3000 00	$13910 00	6	$82 07	$ 438 54	$ 43 50	$ 564 11	$30 67		$ 533 44	$30 67
School					2976 02	303 50	3279 52	10 39	41 03	3228 10	10 39

Estimated population, 200

Number of lots or parcels under taxation, 220

No. of lots or parcels exempt from taxation, 26

Total number of lots or parcels in village, 246

Verification of Cash on hand at Dec. 31, 1931

Cash on hand Dec. 31, 1931, as per cash statement,	$217 98
Less deposited in bank, between December 31, 1931, and date of audit	197 98
Balance cash on hand and actually counted by me at date of audit	20 00

I have audited the accounts of the Village of Chinook for the year ending 31st December, 1931, and have compared the said accounts with their relative vouchers and certify that in my opinion the foregoing financial statements are properly drawn up so as to exhibit a true and correct view of the financial affairs of the Village, according to the best of my information, the explanations given to me, and as shown by the records, subject to any qualifications mentioned under General Remarks by Auditor.

The statistical information contained herein was obtained from the books and records of the Village, or from information supplied by officials of the Village

Dated at Chinook this 15th day of January, 1932.

S. E. NELSON, Auditor,
Chinook, Alta.

Heathdale Happenings

The next U F.A. social evening at Clover Leaf school, Feb. 5.

A joint meeting of Collholme U.F A. and Wheat Pool Local will be held in the Clover Leaf School on Saturday, Jan. 23, at 2 p.m. Lunch served.

Born--At Cereal hospital, Jan. 14, to Mr. and Mrs. Harold B. Allen, of Heathdale, twin sons

An enjoyable time was spent at the U.F A. community card party and dance at Peyton last Friday. Cards were played till midnight. Miss Norma Hobson and R Broston were the winners and Mrs. J. Haggerty and R. Nicholson were awarded the consolation.

(Too late [illegible])

Mr. and Mrs. [illegible] Anderson and Evelyn, and Mr. and Mrs. A. Jacobson and Art were supper guests at the home of J. Poeckens Wednesday, Jan. 6, the occasion being Vera Poecken's second birthday.

Miss Audrey Neff, who has been spending the holidays at Calgary and with her parents at Hanna, returned to the Heathdale district on Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. M. McBride visited at the Poecken's home.

Edmonton, January 20--Robert Gardiner was unanimously chosen president of the United Farmers of Alberta for a second term at the annual convention of that body held here today.

We have a good supply of
OYSTER SHELLS, STOCK SALT
OLD HICKORY SMOKED SALT
RADIO BATTERIES
Banner Hardware

The Alberta Pacific Grain Company Limited
(Licensed and Bonded with the Board of Grain Commissioners)
Operating 375
Country Elevators
also Coal and Flour sheds
Bankers
Royal Bank of Canada — Bank of Toronto
Canadian Bank of Commerce — Bank of Montreal

Chinook Hotel
Largest Hostelry on the
GOLDEN WHEAT BELT HIGHWAY
BETWEEN CALGARY and SASKATOON
Hotel 130 feet long by 60 feet wide, 3 stories high
Large Banquet and Convention Auditorium,
Dining Salon, Refreshment Parlor
Smoking Lounge, Ladies' Social Hall,
Commodious Lobby, Etc., all Steamheated.
Capt. C. O. Peters
Prop. and Pres. Chinook Chamber of Commerce

ORANGE PEKOE BLEND

"SALADA" TEA

25¢

"Fresh from the Gardens"

Some Truths and Lessons

It is in times of adversity rather than of prosperity that the true character and strength of men, communities and nations is demonstrated. The world learns few lessons when things are booming and prosperity blossoms on every hand. When the sun shines and soft winds blow people are content to idle along, satisfied with things as they are. It is when the sun is hidden behind the storm clouds and the tempest rages that men, communities and nations are tested. It is then they begin to learn, bitter though the lessons may be.

Galling as the present world-wide depression undoubtedly is, bringing loss and suffering in its train, it is probably serving a useful purpose in teaching the world a few lessons and re-emphasizing a few old truths, which, in the days of their prosperity, men and nations apparently forgot; at least they ignored and gave no heed to them. Now these truths and lessons are being remembered and re-learned, and possibly, because the present world depression is more widespread and more severe than any of its predecessors, the lessons it is teaching will be taken a bit more seriously and have a more lasting and beneficial effect than ever before.

Yet these truths and lessons are as old as this old world itself. The truths are fundamental; the lessons are stern and unshakeable.

One truth is that no man, no community, no nation can live unto itself alone. Not one of them is self-sufficient. Each is dependent to a greater or less extent on all others. God so made the world and puny man, notwithstanding his boasted powers and strength cannot alter it. This truth is becoming more widely recognized and accepted every day this depression lasts. It, and it alone, is driving the resultant lesson home.

Another truth that is once again growing into acceptance is that mankind is of greater importance and truer worth than anything and everything that man can invent and develop. Man has used his God-given intellect and powers to invent and develop machines primarily intended to be the servants of man, to supply his needs and cater to his comforts and well-being. But in his eagerness to invent, and develop, and create a machine-age,—an age that was to be all-golden for him,—man has over-reached himself until today, in many ways, the machine has become the master and man the servant.

To serve a machine-age, man has built himself huge cities wherein people live together like rabbits in a warren; packed like sardines in a box. Individuals have largely lost their individuality in the mass, with initiative remaining with the few. The friendliness of the small town and the rural parts has been lost in the great cities where neighbor hardly knows neighbor. That self-respect and self-confidence and initiative inseparable from being a personality amongst one's neighbors has been largely lost in becoming a mere unit in a city's teeming population.

Children grow up today without having enjoyed childhood's rights of a natural life amidst natural surroundings; all about them is artificial, and, bred in such surroundings and atmosphere, life itself becomes artificial.

The lesson that the world, perhaps, is beginning to learn is that we must get back to first things, and place them first in our scheme of life. The height of a city man's ambition should not be to amass greater wealth than he can profitably and beneficially use, and put forth his life's endeavors to making his city larger and larger,—not necessarily greater and finer. Many are beginning to realize that the huge city is an evil, not a blessing; that man was not created to live and struggle in such surroundings. That, on the contrary, the small community is by far the happiest and the cheapest place in which to live, and that it confers advantages and pays dividends in health and contentment unknown in huge centres of populations where thousands live from hand to mouth in uncouth surroundings and with little or no prospect of bettering one's conditions.

Economic conditions of this depression have driven hundreds of young men and women, attracted by the glitter of the cities, back to the old home, on the farm, in village and small town. For the time being, because world conditions are what they are, they may be denied many things they would like, but the wisest of them will stay there, and in the long run they will be the happier and better off for the staying.

Paris Police Keep Quiet

Refuse To Give Out Information About Person Leaving Home

If your husband or wife deserts you in Paris, it won't do any good to go to the police about it. And that applies to a son or daughter over 21 as well.

For the missing persons' bureau at police headquarters, handling over 25,000 requests a year, keeps the secrets of people who have chosen to leave home.

Suicides, accidental deaths and crime cases are reported at once to the families of the persons concerned, but since the law does not oblige a son, daughter, husband or wife to stay at home unless he or she wants to, all the police will say is "We have located Jules, or Marie. He, or she, is well and happy and does not wish you to know where he, or she, is staying."

Portable 'Phone Booth

To enable workers in a factory at Hamburg, Germany, to telephone in peace, a perambulating telephone booth has been perfected and is being tested. It has unusually thick walls and doors of sound-absorbing material so that wire conversations can be held near heavy machinery in operation.

British Shipbuilding

Increased Activity Is Indicated By Report Received At Washington

British shipbuilding is coming back, according to a report received by the United States Department of Commerce at Washington.

In October, new work was started on 15 vessels, aggregating nearly 70,000 tons dead weight.

The report says the upswing in October was due to a cut secured in labor cost, an arrangement with steel makers for cheap materials and "possibly to some extent by the steadily improving financial situation."

Popularize Tomato Juice

A campaign for the popularizing of the "tomato cocktail" may be inaugurated if the Eastern Canada Fruit and Vegetable Jobbers' Association acts upon a suggestion thrown out by Hon. Dr. R. J. Manion, Minister of Railways and Canals. Dr. Manion addressed the delegates to the association's seventh annual convention at Ottawa.

Radio telephone service has been established between Germany and Siam and a similar service is being planned between Germany and Egypt.

MILBURN'S HEART AND NERVE PILLS

Price 50c a box

Nerves A Complete Wreck Sat Up Half The Night

Mrs. John Rose, Bark Lake, Ont., writes:—"I was troubled so much with my nerves I was a complete wreck.

I could not do my work, and would have to sit up half the night on account of not being able to sleep.

One day a friend recommended Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills. I used one box and got relief, and by the time I had taken six boxes I was as well as ever."

Sold at all drug and general stores, or mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co., Ltd., Toronto, Ont.

Prince Galitzini Flies In Own Airplane

Purchases Fokker 'Plane To Travel In Great Bear Lake District

An intention to stake mining claims in the Great Bear Lake district, scene of recent discoveries of radium and silver ores claimed to be of fabulous richness, is believed to have been behind the purchase by a Russian nobleman recently from Canadian Airways, western lines, of a Fokker airplane, Standard Universal type.

Prince Leo Galitzini, the nobleman in question, now a resident in the Edson, Alberta, district, went to Winnipeg one morning in an air mail plane, after flying all night, accompanied by Grant MacConachie, Edmonton-trained commercial pilot.

During the day final arrangements for the purchase of the 'plane were completed, and delivery was arranged. Next morning Prince Galitzini, and his companion, left the Marlborough Hotel, where they had registered, at 6:30 a.m. went to the Canadian Airways' hanger at Stevenson Field, and hopped off for Edmonton with their new possession.

The airplane, whose official title is G-Case, is a sister ship to the well known G-Cask, which has covered many thousands of miles in northern flights, the recital of which has become an epic.

Prince Galitzini, while not a licensed pilot yet, has already completed the greater part of a commercial pilot's training. Rumor has been busy connecting his purchase with an intention to stake mineral claims at Great Bear Lake, but the prince would neither confirm nor deny their truth.

"I just want to take some pictures up there," he countered. And whether after buying a cabin airplane he is going to stop at picture hunting is a question anybody can take a shot at answering.

Women's Press Club

1932 Convention Is To Be Held In Calgary In June

Every three years the active newspaper women of the Dominion, who form the Canadian Women's Press Club, hold a convention, and in 1932 the meeting will be held in Calgary. Dates for the conference have been set, June 28-30.

The entertainment committee hopes to arrange a motor trip into the country surrounding the prairie city. A short stay at Banff may be arranged. For the business part of the gathering addresses on craft topics will be given by prominent writers and workers from various parts of Canada. It is hoped also that an English writer will be among those on the programme.

Centenarian Women

Six Times As Numerous As Men In Great Britain

There were 104 centenarians drawing old-age pensions in Great Britain on April 25 last.

This is stated in the annual report of the Commissioners of Customs and Excise, issued recently.

Of these 91 were women and 13 men. The oldest of all was a woman born in 1825, and therefore then 106. Another woman was 105, three were 104, and seven were 103. The oldest men were three aged 102. Twelve women had reached that age.

Saskatchewan Poultry Pool

Women guide the destinies of one of western Canada's largest enterprises—the Saskatchewan Poultry Pool. Last year the pool, of which a majority of the directors are women, grossed a turnover of over $800,000. The president is Mrs. W. Morrison, of Spaulding, Sask., a farmer's wife.

Miller's Worm Powders not only exterminate intestinal and other worms, but they are a remedy for many other ailments of children. They strengthen the young stomach against biliousness and are tonical in their effects where the child suffers from loss of appetite. In feverish conditions they will be found useful and they will serve to allay pain and griping in the stomach, from which children so often suffer.

Like Canadian Tobasso

The British smoker is tuning his palate to Canadian tobacco. Imports through the port of London of Canadian tobacco in 1931 amounted to 2,070,000 pounds against 728,000 pounds in 1930. Formerly Canadian tobacco was blended with other gradess but a large proportion is now sold separately.

Mohair, the fine lustrous hair of the Angora goat, is harder to spin than wool because the hair scales are not so fully developed.

SHE LOST 21 LBS.

And "Feels Full of Life"

Although she is reducing her weight, this woman "feels full of life." So there can't be much wrong with her treatment.

"I was putting on weight, and have been trying to reduce. I have tried lots of things with no result. But four months ago a friend told me about Kruschen Salts, and I thought I would give them a trial. I have taken two jars and am pleased to say I have lost 21 lbs. I take a half-teaspoonful in a cup of hot water as soon as I get up. I shall still go on taking them as they make one feel full of life."—Mrs. G.

Kruschen Salts do not reduce you over-night—like so many products claim to do. But taken regularly over a period of time—with a modified diet and gentle exercise, half a teaspoonful in a glass of hot water every morning before breakfast will take away unhealthy flesh and restore your figure to its normal weight. Yet at the same time—build up health with a great increase in vigor and energy for you!

Self-Government For Burma

Ramsay MacDonald Offers Plan Tempered With Safeguards

Prime Minister Ramsay MacDonald has offered Burma self-government, but a self-government like that offered India, tempered with safeguards.

As he brought the Burma roundtable conference to a close, he urged the need of laying the foundations of the new structure securely and well.

Take as much as is necessary to give your constitution a stamp, he pleaded. The great fabric of British liberty has not been built up by putting the roof on first. Never in history has a people attained at one leap its conception of what it ought to be and where it ought to be.

The propsed constitution for Burma as outlined by the Prime Minister may be summed as:

(1) Burma will be separated from India if separation is approved by the Burmese people.

(2) Burma will be governed by a legislature consisting of two Houses and a Ministry which, with certain qualifications, will be responsible to the legislature.

(3) The Upper House will be partly elected and partly nominated by the governor.

(4) The Lower House, of 120 to 130 members, will be strictly elected, with provision to secure adequate representation for minorities and special interest.

(5) The ministry will consist of about six, or not more than eight, members appointed by the governor and collectively responsible to the legislature. In appointing the ministers, the governor should normally seek the advice of the leader of the party commanding the largest following in the Lower House. The governor will have the right to preside at meetings of the ministry.

(6) Defence and external affairs are reserved for administration by the governor.

(7) Administration of the Shan states and backward tracts is vested in the governor.

(8) The governor should be empowered in the last report to take steps independent of the legislature to secure the necessary funds for administration of the reserved subjects.

Could Hardly Live For Asthma, writes one man who after years of suffering has found complete relief through Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy. Now he knows how needless has been his suffering. This matchless remedy gives sure help to all afflicted with asthma. Inhaled as smoke or vapor it brings the help so long needed. Every dealer has it or can get it for you from his wholesaler.

Placing the Blame

The Soviet newspaper "Pravda" asserted editorially that responsibility for the Japanese occupation of Manchuria rests principally with the United States. The editorial laid the United States attitude to the policies of Secretary of State Henry L. Stimson which it described as directed at weakening Japan, excluding Japanese capita lfrom Inner China and at the capital from Inner China and at the and Soviet Russia.

An eighteenth century scientist explained the origin of the planets by saying that they were splashed out of the sun in a collision between the sun and a comet.

Woodstock, Ont.—Although this town is in the centre of a dairy produce district tha per capita consumption of milk amounts to a little more than one-third of a pint.

Remove all callouses enlargements from your stock with Douglas' Egyptian Liniment, a wonderful remedy.

New Zealand, Australia and Canada in the order named, were the chief exporters of butter to Japan in 1930.

General Dawes

Retirement As U.S. Ambassador To Britain Is Cause Of Regret

There will be regret that Charles G. Dawes is shortly to retire as United States ambassador to Great Britain and from public life altogether. Mr. Dawes has been a useful figure in international politics of recent years. He has also been a picturesque and likeable type.

Mr. Dawes was a banker and financier when he first came into international prominence, and it is possible that he may return to this field, in his home State of Illinois. He served as a general under General Pershing with the American Expeditionary Force in the Great War, and later, as everyone knows was author of the Dawes plan for German reparations payments—later superseded by the Young Plan, and which plan, in turn, may now be drastically revised or even discarded altogether, in the light of Germany's serious economic position. Next came a turn by Mr. Dawes as Vice-President of the United States, and here he found opportunity for some of the plain speaking that has consistently marked his career. General Dawes appeared to enjoy "lecturing" the Senate at Washington.

The retiring ambassador will drop out with very real appreciation of himself at the hands of the British people, of whom he has been an admirer. A year or two ago he went out of his way to publicly praise their achievement in the War and their pluck and honor in the matter of war debt payments. Mr. Dawes indeed was so outspoken on this occasion that if what he said had come from anyone else Washington might have been tempted to regard it as an "insident."—Regina Leader.

A Big Undertaking

U.S. Spending $5,000 To Move Giant Tree

Uncle Sam is paying nearly $5,000 for moving a giant magnolia tree in the Mall at Washington, to prepare for road construction there, in a $100,000 programme for improvement of the Mall.

The magnolia is 36 inches in circumference at breast height and will be moved about 400 feet from its present location near the fill in the Mall, in a northwesterly direction, to near Fourteenth Street. This involves the moving of a disc of earth about 25 feet in diameter and five feet thick, which weighs about 300 tons, in addition to the weight of the tree, not yet estimated.

It is said to be one of the biggest jobs of its kind in the world.

Soviet Oil Production Short

The production of oil in the Soviet Republic in 1931 amounted to 22,300,000 tons, 16 per cent. short of the program for the year, but almost 4,000,000 tons in excess of the 1930 figures.

Wiry kangaroos from Australia are now contributing their tendons to American surgery. The muscle sinew from these animals is used by doctors to make stitches in human cuts.

Stubborn Colds are Dangerous

Take SCOTT'S EMULSION of Norwegian Cod Liver Oil

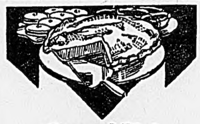
To Build Resistance Easy to Digest

Ancient Shorthand

System Of Shorthand Writing In Use 200 Years Before Christ

Shorthand symbols are of ancient Roman origin, a recent archeological study has revealed. Romans were widely using a uniform system of shorthand writing 200 years before Christ. Thus states Gino Massano, who has brought to light the full alphabet of ancient Roman shorthand writers. The symbols are, in some respects, similar to those employed today. Several centuries before Christ, when Rome was extending her provinces into every part of the world, the need for speed brought forth several forms of abbreviated writing by symbols which were swiftly adopted for commercial enterprise. Ancient records show most of the accounts and letters of Roman firms were written in shorthand without transcribing, as the recipient was always familiar with the code employed.

The mineral pyrite got its name from a Greek word meaning fire, because sparks are produced when pyrite is struck with iron.



Custard Pie!

Rich, nourishing and delicious!

Apple, butter scotch, orange cream pie, cocoanut cream pie, these and 180 other delightful new recipes are contained in our wonderful new cook book "New Magic in the Kitchen"—Send for your free copy today.

G.6

EAGLE BRAND SWEETENED CONDENSED MILK

Borden Co., Limited 115 George St., Toronto

Send me a free copy of your new cook book.

Name ....

Address..........

ZIG-ZAG CIGARETTE PAPERS

LARGE DOUBLE BOOK 120 LEAVES

FINEST YOU CAN BUY

AVOID IMITATIONS

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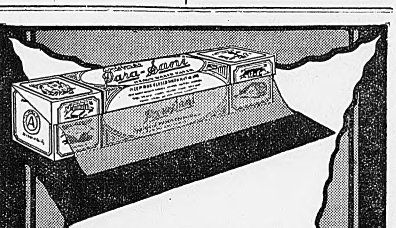

Cut Down Food Wastage

--- by covering all perishable goods with Para-Sani Heavy Waxed Paper. Para-Sani moisture-proof texture will keep them *fresh* until you are ready to use them.

You'll find the Para-Sani sanitary knife-edged carton handy. Or use "Centre Pull" Packs in sheet form for less exacting uses. At grocers, druggists, stationers.

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More Optimism Is Prevalent In Dominion's Western Northland Than In Other Parts Of Canada

Canada's western northland faces the coming year with more optimism than any other part of the Dominion. Developments and activities in mining and aerial transportation during the past year, indicate the opening of a new and prosperous empire on the fringes of the Arctic Circle.

Rich and vast deposits of radium-bearing ore and equally rich deposits of silver have been discovered at Great Bear Lake, 1,500 miles north of Edmonton, Alberta. Radium deposits at Labine Point and silver deposits at Echo Bay have proved to be very valuable and could easily meet the high cost of transportation —$400 per ton, states Dr. Hugh S. Spence, Mineral Technologist of the Federal Department of Mines, in his report of his survey of the Great Bear Lake district.

Continued expansion of aerial transport and passenger service is bringing these rich mineral fields within easy distance of the outside world. Waterways, Alta., 300 miles north of Edmonton, is the nearest railway point, and ore is now shipped here from the north by airplane. One of the largest airplanes in Canada, a Junkers machine built for Canadian Airways, Limited, for service in the north, may be used for freighting ore and supplies from the mineral fields this winter.

A flying base has been established at McMurray, and weekly mail deliveries are made from here to Aklavik, 1,500 miles north.

Poverty, unemployment and depression are things practically unknown in the Northwest Territories. The Eskimos at the Mackenzie delta are in a prosperous condition and are the possessors of many schooners with high-powered auxiliaries. These schooners, costing from $3,000 to $7,000 each, provide floating summer homes as the people move about the delta or along the sea coast. Credit to the natives and trappers has been cut down this year and fur prices are lower than usual, but they have ample supplies, and a good crop of fur is expected.

Canada's far north country is becoming more and more self-sustaining. Wild game provides plenty of meat for the skilled hunter and each man grows his own vegetables — the crop along the Mackenzie River last summer was the best in years. Health prevails everywhere. Doctors, who are the only professional men in the north, would starve if they were not hired by the government to give medical attention to the Indians and Eskimos, it is said.

The Northwest Territories cover two-fifths of the total area of Canada, but there are only about 1,000 whites and 5,000 natives throughout the whole country. An influx of prospectors, mining men and tourists, however, is expected in the coming summer, owing to the interest surrounding the Great Bear Lake radium discoveries. Activities in this area last year increased freighting along the Mackenzie River enormously. More than $10,000 was expended on road building and improvements at Smith Portage, a 16-mile portage on the Mackenzie River near Fort Smith. Preparations for an active year in this district during 1932 are now underway.

Hudson's Bay Company river steamers, formerly only used for the transport of their own cargoes and the company employees, now are available for tourist travel.

Northward the tide of empire certainly makes its way. Since the time Peter Bond established a port at Lake Athabasca before 1800, when southern Alberta, British Columbia and Saskatchewan were unexplored, for many decades the tide flowed sluggishly. In recent years, however, there has been a quickening of the current, the result of which is plainly evident and which will become more so when the spring break-up raises the temporary barrier into the northland.

"Those are your sons?"
"No, my grandchildren. I never had any children."—Gutierrez, Madrid.

Canada Has Advantages

Geographical Position Makes Dominion Source Of Produce For Consuming Centres

Describing what he believed to be Canada's geographical advantage as a source of produce for the consuming centres of the world, Hon. R. J. Manion, Minister of Railways and Canals, and Acting Minister of Trade and Commerce, in an address at Ottawa, expressed himself as most emphatically of the opinion that this country would take great strides in trade and commerce as soon as economic conditions improved.

Dr. Manion was addressing a joint luncheon of the Ottawa Board of Trade and the Eastern Canada Fruit and Vegetable Jobbers' Association.

Will Golfers Discard Bags?

New 1932 Trend May Do Away With Caddies

The 1932 model set of golf clubs is now on the market, an innovation which aims to reduce materially the weight of the golfer's kit and possibly threatening the doom of the game's oldest institution—the club toter.

This new invention, a detachable shaft, enables a player to adjust the shaft tightly on any type of head from a putter to niblick, with another designed for the woods. The idea of two-piece clubs has been tested before, but that was in the days of the hickory shaft when the screw arrangement proved unsuitable.

Winnipeg Newspaper Union Fashion

By Annette

SCHOOL GIRL FROCK THAT IS EASY TO WEAR WITH SKIRT THAT SWISHES ABOUT IN RUNNING

This smart little tweed-like woollen of fashionable light weight, favors the smart wrapped arrangement at the front. It is exactly the same as the glossy miss is wearing.

It is that lovely new shade in Spanish tile. The bone buttons match the fabric. The rolled collar, cuffs and belt are plain woollen in brown shade, a most pleasing combination.

Style No. 624 may be had in sizes 8, 10, 12 and 14 years. Size 8 requires 1¾ yards of 39-inch material with ½ yard of 35-inch contrasting.

And you'll be amazed at how simple it is to make it. The three-piece skirt is circular. It is attached to the bodice, that also cuts in three sections.

Other attractive fabrics for its development are wool jersey, wool crepe, wool challis and tweed-like cottons.

Price of pattern 25 cents in stamps or coin (coin is preferred). Wrap coin carefully.

How To Order Patterns

Address: Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermot Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No.......... Size..........

....

Name ....

....

Town ....

Prize Wheat

Varieties Of Grain To Grow Which Have Best Chance Of Success

In order to win highest prizes in seed fairs and grain exhibitions, it is necessary to grow those varieties which have the best chance of success, and, fortunately, the varieties ordinarily grown for commercial purposes in Saskatchewan are those which show well in competition. A statement to this effect was made by S. H. Vigor, Saskatchewan field crops commissioner, in recommending the following varieties as being not only suitable for exhibitions but the best for general field use, his recommendations being based on long experience as supervisor of Saskatchewan exhibits at important national and international shows.

Wheat: Hard red spring, Reward and Marquis; Durum, Mindum.

Oats: Standard, Victory; Early, Gopher.

Barley: Two-rowed, Hannchen; trebi type, Trebi; six-rowed, O.A.C. 21 for malting purposes, but not so satisfactory for exhibition purposes as the brighter colored six-rowed varieties.

Flax: Bison, a new, large-seeded, high-yielding, wilt-resisting variety.

Rye: Spring, Prolific; fall, Dakold. This cannot compete in seed shows with Rosen rye, which is non-hardy in Saskatchewan.

Deportation Rulings

Minister Of Immigration Must Review Each Separate Appeal

The judgment of the Montreal court which ruled the Minister of Immigration must review each appeal from a deportation order will add materially to the duties of Hon. W. A. Gordon, who administers the department. During the past year Canada deported about 4,000 persons and in each case, whether appealed from or not, the department at Ottawa reviewed the evidence. The judgment of the court would oblige the minister himself to perform this duty.

Whether the Dominion will carry the judgment to a higher court could not be learned. If this step were not taken, it was believed possible the government would amend the legislation at the next session of parliament, specifying some departmental official, such as the Deputy Minister, to review all cases.

Canadian Tobacco

Simcoe Shipment Includes Types Put On Market In Great Britain

Agricultural officials at Simcoe, Ontario received a consignment of "Canadian Club" tobacco, which was recently put on the market in Great Britain by one of the leading British firms. A dozen or more types of tobacco are included in the shipment. The manufacturers are the first in Great Britain to place a strictly Canadian brand on the market, and Ontario tobacco growers are closely watching their success which has been most encouraging to date. The tobacco, according to those who have smoked it, has a distinctive and pleasant flavor, unlike the American product.

Seven ex-monarchs living in exile are estimated to possess between them £15,000,000. Of this total, the ex-Kaiser, who is the richest German, owns £12,500,000.

Canada Producers Bending Energies Forwards

Finds Better Quality In Farm Production

"The markets for Canada's agricultural products for the future would seem to depend upon quality as well as quantity of production," observes Dr. J. H. Grisdale, Federal Deputy Minister of Agriculture. "Canadian producers are evidently becoming more and more conscious of this situation, bending their efforts toward the improvement of the quality of their products. Many of our agricultural products going overseas command a premium on the British and other markets." Dr. Grisdale also points out that prices for all agricultural staples are now on an export market basis, and that while these are probably not quite so satisfactory as they might be, production is definitely expanding and the farmer knows exactly where he stands relative to prices, that is to say: Canadian prices are world prices, and are not likely to be seriously affected by any consistent increase in production.

Prepare Year Ahead For Dry Land Garden

Result Of Experimental Work Carried On At Lethbridge

Experimental work at Lethbridge, Alberta, shows that to ensure a fair measure of success in the kitchen garden on the dry land farm it must be prepared at least one year ahead, Superintendent W. H. Fairfield, M.Sc., LL.D., in his annual report just issued points out that it is desirable to reserve twice the area desired; to apply well rotted manure to the part to be summerfallowed just before ploughing; to cultivate just enough to curb weed growth; to plough about eight inches deep; to make rows wide enough apart to permit the use of the hand cultivator; and to provide a suitable windbreak on the windward (not necessarily the northward) side of the permanent garden site. Vegetables in a dry land garden usually mature earlier than on irrigated land.

Cost Of Producing Hay

Cost Estimated At Central Experimental Farm At Ottawa

The annual report of the Dominion Field Husbandman, E. S. Hopkins, B.S.A., M.S., Phd., contains an interesting reference to the cost of producing hay (1930) at the Central Experimental Farm, Ottawa. The yield was 4.14 per acre. To produce this crop a total expenditure of $26.88 was necessary. This brought the cost of the hay to $6.49. The crop was valued at $42.43, leaving a profit of $15.55 per acre. Considered as return on manual labor the total payment on this item would be at the rate of 72 cents per acre for production and marketing. However, had the crop been marketed there would have been a further labour cost of $2.96 per ton.

The beautiful Tyrian purple dye is made from the glands of Mediterranean sea snails, of which about 200,000 color the hair.

An electrically driven machine now chops the hay crop, removes its moisture, and blows it into mows.

Probably women will quit driving from the back seat when men quit cooking from the dining room table.

AS GANDHI CAME HOME TO JAIL

Absorbed in spinning threads for homespun garments, Mahatma Gandhi, famous Indian leader, is shown on the deck of the "Pilsna" as the ship neared Bombay. The frail "prophet" of India was greeted by a riot between his supporters and opponents, in which twenty-five persons were injured. Shortly after his arrival Gandhi was imprisoned once more in Poona Jail, from which he is directing a new campaign of civil disobedience, which British officials are putting down with stringent methods.

Canada Is Weathering This Period Of Difficulty In Favorable Manner According To Economist

Donald M. Marvin, economist, writing on Canadian business conditions in the Royal Bank of Canada monthly news letter, says Canada is weathering this period of difficulty in a favorable manner. We reproduce his article in part.

The Canadian business situation at the end of 1931 reflects the difficulties resulting from two years of world-wide depression. There are few industries which have not been seriously affected. The decline in the price of agricultural products has been particularly severe and the difficult situation created by these conditions was further aggravated by drought in Western Canada. Gold production has continued to expand and the record established by the 1931 output is one of the outstanding features of the year. Industrial activity and construction work have been maintained in reasonable volume and employment has suffered less contraction than in many other countries. Canada, however, is dependent upon foreign purchases for the disposition of a large part of her products and has keenly felt the decreased purchasing power of many of her customers. In addition, Canadian industrialists have had to contend with the confusion resulting from numerous adjustments in her foreign exchange relationships.

The volume of agricultural production was considerably reduced as a result of extreme drought conditions in the Prairie Provinces, particularly in the southern sections of Saskatchewan. Wheat and other crops were severely damaged and farmers in the affected areas did not harvest sufficient quantities to meet their own requirements. Alberta and the northern districts of Saskatchewan and Manitoba had a more successful year, but the Western wheat crop alone is 100 million bushels smaller than in 1930—a year of moderate harvests only. Conditions in Eastern Canada and British Columbia were more favorable and some crops created new records. Apples and potatoes are so plentiful that their disposal has presented a problem; the tobacco crop in Ontario is a bumper one of splendid quality. Prices for all farm products have declined to very low levels and, with the reduced crops in the West, the value of Canadian field crops shows a serious reduction from previous years, being officially estimated for 1931 at $431,250,000 as compared with $631,593,000 in 1930 and $948,981,400 in 1929.

Livestock and dairy farmers had excellent pasturage and plenty of feed for their herds. Increased interests in dairying has been shown in Alberta and Saskatchewan, and butter production has been greatly expanded. In Saskatchewan, output for the first ten months of the year exceeded 17,000,000 pounds, an increase of 35 per cent. over the corresponding period of 1930. This total is greater than the highest previous full year's output for Saskatchewan, viz. 16,632,765 pounds in 1926. Exports of butter from Canada to Great Britain were resumed in substantial volume after a lapse of some years. The total quantity shipped during the twelve months ended October 31st, amounted to 9,922,800 pounds against 1,157,400 pounds in the previous year. The export of cattle to England has also been heavier than in many years. Trial shipments were also made to France and Belgium. In order to provide a regular supply of high-grade stock for the export market, the Ontario Government has arranged for the finishing during the winter of selected animals from Western Canada by Ontario farmers.

Supplies of wheat are still large but are somewhat reduced from last year. Export shipments increased in volume towards the end of the year and prices have shown an upward trend. A substantial reduction in the large world stocks of wheat and the return of prices to a profitable level would do much to re-establish Canadian agriculture on a satisfactory basis.

The rapid expansion in gold output was the outstanding feature of the Canadian mining industry last year. In 1930, the value produced was $43,453,600; for 1931, the total for all Canada is placed at $55,000,000. Ontario production alone equalled the Dominion total in 1930. Quebec, the second largest gold producing province of the Dominion, doubled its output, the total reaching $6,000,000 as compared with $2,930,170. Manitoba and British Columbia also report increased production. Established mines greatly expanded their output during the year; mill capacities were increased and great improvements made in methods of recovery. New mines have entered the ranks of the shippers, and, in several instances, old properties, where production had become unprofitable, are again being worked. Exploration and prospecting work have been pushed forward vigorously and many promising finds have been reported in new areas in Quebec, Ontario, Manitoba and British Columbia. The prospective development of these areas promises continued expansion in this industry.

Canada has been fortunate in maintaining her production and general business activities at present levels when other countries are faced with conditions of the greatest difficulty. Unemployment and its accompanying hardships have been felt less in Canada than in most countries. Promising features in the present economic outlook include the healthy condition of savings deposits, the strong technical position of Canadian manufacturers and a prosperous gold mining industry. The decline in activity of trade has been reflected in the falling off in the volume of current loans and clearing house returns. The most difficult situation in Canada is that of agriculture. A revival of world trade and a return of profits to agriculture must precede any general return of prosperity to this country, but Canada is weathering this period of difficulty in a favorable manner and will be in an admirable position to participate in the first material advance.

Valuable Musical Instruments

Worth More Than a Quarter Million Dollars, May Be Secured For Canada

Canada, within the near future, may secure possession of four of the most treasured musical instruments in the world. Two violins, a cello and a viola, valued at more than a quarter million dollars, and which are considered among the finest works of Antoni Stradivari are for sale in New York.

The instruments were brought to this country by Emil Heerman, noted expert of Berlin. They are owned by the Philippe Mendelssohn family of the German capital.

As a gesture of international friendship the instruments were loaned to the Hart House String Quartette of University of Toronto. Recently the quartette entertained the Canadian Club.

Following the performance a distinguished Canadian voiced the suggestion that efforts should be made to secure the instruments.

Criticizes Economic System

Dire Want In Some Parts Of Canada and Abundance In Other Parts

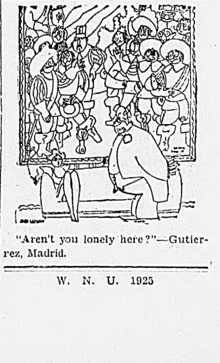
Criticism of the modern economic system was voiced by Rev. E. H. Oliver, D.D., of Saskatoon, moderator of the United Church of Canada, preaching in St. Andrew's Wesley Church at Vancouver recently.

Contrasting the want in some parts of the prairies with the abundance of produce in parts of Ontario, where fruit had been left on the trees to rot, he found reproach for modern conditions in that it never occurred to anyone to use the abundance to relieve the want.

He said one day it would occur to some one, perhaps one day it would occur legislators and then they would bring relief to misery and distress.

"In the new day to come it will not do to have abundance in one community and want in another," Dr. Oliver declared.

The fibrous waste from sugar cane is being made into insulating lumber, that is strong, and tough, and light in weight.



"Aren't you lonely here?"—Gutierrez, Madrid.

For Quick Relief from
COUGHS & COLDS
TAKE
BUCKLEY'S
MIXTURE
The very first sip of this potent, pungent, penetrative mixture gets results.
ACTS LIKE A FLASH—
A SINGLE SIP PROVES IT!
M-12

WORLD HAPPENINGS BRIEFLY TOLD

The killing of six Communists, including two women, by Rumanian frontier guards, when they attempted to escape into Russia, aroused great feeling among the people.

Several leading Seattle hotels announced recently that Canadian money was being accepted on a par basis with American coin in payment of hotel bills.

Canon George Osborne Troop, one of the outstanding priests of the Church of England in Eastern Canada, died at his home in Halifax recently in his 78th year.

Dr. R. L. King, Prince Albert, was elected president of the Saskatchewan College of Physicians and Surgeons at the conclusion of the annual meeting of the Saskatchewan Council in Regina.

Scientific revision of the United States tariff to permit protective levies upon petroleum and its products will be sought in a new bill being prepared by independent oil producers. Specific details have not been worked out.

At a conference of representatives of all veterans' organizations in Canada, held at Ottawa, it was decided the representations to be made to the government in connection with matters affecting ex-service men of this country will be presented by them as one body.

Twenty-nine persons were killed and 317 injured in railway accidents in Canada, during October, it was shown by a report of the Board of Railway Commissioners. Of the 232 separate accidents, 38 occurred at highway crossings, the majority involving an automobile.

Diploma For African Native

Heir Apparent To Chieftainship Of Tribe Graduate Of Chicago University

The heir-apparent to the chieftainship of a tribe of 25,000 African natives in Nyassaland was among 257 students at the University of Chicago who recently received diplomas and certificates from President Maynard Hutchins.

He is Kamazu Banda, who ran away from his jungle home when he was 9, made his way to South Africa where he worked in a diamond mine earning enough money to come here. He made his way through college by compiling for the anthropology department a complete dictionary and grammar of his little known tongue, and by jotting down folk tales.

Banda is 24. He said he planned to take up medicine and finally return to South Africa to help his people.

Helen Keller's View

There was something both touching and beautiful in blind Helen Keller's comment on being taken to the top of the Empire State Building in New York: "I wonder if the view you see, is more beautiful than mine. You see what you see, but I have my imagination to draw upon."—Toronto Globe.

The world's oldest book is said to be a recently discovered tome in China. It consists of 78 wooden leaves, fixed together with string, and dates back to 100 B.C.

London, Eng.—A world platinum accord to promote and control sale of this metal has been reached.

Artificial gold, an alloy of platinum and copper, has been tested successfully in Sheffield, England.

Famous Vegetable Pills Make Short Work of Indigestion

"After the first dose I was made aware of their very real tonic value," writes Miss M. "I was troubled with Indigestion and Sick Headaches."
Because they are PURELY VEGETABLE, a gentle, effective tonic to both liver and bowels, Dr. Carter's Little Liver Pills are without equal for correcting Constipation, Acidity, Biliousness, Headaches, and Poor Complexion. 25c. and 75c. red packages. Sold everywhere. Always ask for them BY NAME.

Canada Grain Exports

Greatest Percentage Of Empire Wheat Sold On World Market Supplied By Canada

Canada exports about 78 per cent. of all the wheat sold in the world market each year by the British Empire, it is computed by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics. Similarly, Australia exports 19.4 per cent. and British India 2.2 per cent.

In a report dealing with wheat statistics, the bureau places the average annual consumption of wheat in Great Britain at 244,339,000 bushels. Of this total, home production accounts for 49,261,000 bushels, leaving the balance imported. Canada's average export is 257,863,000 bushels — 13,524,000 bushels in excess of Great Britain's annual consumption—Australia's export, 64,176,000 bushels, British India, 7,310,000 bushels, and other Empire countries, 563,000 bushels.

Included in the report are figures showing the Dominions export about three times the total of wheat flour imported annually by Great Britain. The average consumption in Great Britain is placed at 5,874,000 barrels, while the average export by Canada is 9,509,000 barrels, Australia 5,110,000 barrels and British India 629,800 barrels.

Winnipeg Newspaper Union Fashion

By Annette

YOUR NEW SLIP TAKES ON NEW LINES

Here's a slimming costume slip that Paris has designed along the lines of the new frock.

The interesting cut of the moulded bodice extending into a deep point at the front, proves a particularly slenderizing feature and gives lengthened line. The skirt being circular, falls so gracefully beneath the similar circular flaring hemline of the frock. The hem of the slip may be rolled by hand, which gives it a French finish or it may be finished professionally with picot-edge. Lace edging provides a dainty trim which may also trim the upper edge of the bodice.

It can easily be made in a hour or possibly two. And the cost will prove surprisingly small.

Style No. 228 may be had in sizes 14, 16, 18, 20 years, 36 and 38 inches bust. Size 16 requires 2½ yards of 35-inch material with 3½ yards of edging.

Crepe de chine and flat crepe silk are popularly used for the excellent service they give.

Price of pattern 25 cents in stamps or coin (coin is preferred). Wrap coin carefully.

How To Order Patterns

Address: Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermot Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No.............. Size..............

Name ....

....

Town ....

French parents must select their children's names from an official list, according to a decree which went into effect during the Napoleonic era.

The Empire State Building of New York City, tallest structure in the world, has two stories below ground.

Recurrence Of Drought Periods

Practical Research Will Assist In Acquiring Better Knowledge Of Climatic Conditions

The Hon. J. F. Bryant, K.C., chairman of the Saskatchewan Commission on Conservation of Water and Afforestation, issued the following statement to the press today.

Believing that a mistake had been made in the past in Saskatchewan and Western Canada in that no systematic or practical research had been carried on in the matter of climate and weather conditions, particularly when the farmers who are the backbone of the Province have suffered so much as a result of drought, frost and flood, and when through the lack of practical knowledge on the subject, on account of drought conditions during the past few years, a large fertile area of southern Saskatchewan has been badly injured by the blowing of the soil, the Commission on Conservation appointed a sub-committee to study weather conditions, climate, rainfall and water supply in their relationship to all external causes and effects operating in the drought areas of the Province and surrounding territory.

The committee consists of Hon. J. F. Bryant, Dr. T. A. Patrick and Dr. W. D. Cowan. The committee have been busily engaged for over two months in reading carefully the latest authorities on the subject, and in order to get the very latest information with particular reference to Saskatchewan conditions, have written to some of the world's greatest authorities on the subject, including C. E. P. Brooks, Honorary Secretary of the Royal Meteorological Society, London, England, Ellsworth Huntington, Dr. Andrew E. Douglass of the University of Arizona, the Carnegie Institute of Washington, the Smithsonian Institution of Washington, and A. J. Connor, Climatologist for Canada. We have written to the Secretary of Agriculture of the United States and of the States of Montana and North Dakota, inquiring whether they have made any investigation of the subject and requesting that they join with us in the matter of research, so that we can share in the results obtained, and take united action to combat conditions if deemed advisable.

Mr. F. E. Clements in a very able work on "Plant Indicators" makes certain observations on conditions in the western United States which are equally applicable to conditions in Saskatchewan.

"A study of settlement in the West since 1865 reveals the fact that it corresponds more or less closely to the climatic cycle. The exceptions are afforded by the rapid inrush after the homestead act, the Kinkaid Act, etc., or after the opening of new regions. The general movement of settlers has advanced and receded in almost perfect agreement with the wet phases and drought periods of the climatic cycle (of Brueckner, Huntington, 1914: 89). A few years of unusual rainfall have afforded unscrupulous real-estate dealers and immigration commissioners an opportunity to dispose of even the most worthless land. The ensuing drought period then led to crop failure and the wholesale abandonment of the region, to be followed by another influx of settlers during the next wet phase. In more than one region of the West this process has been repeated three or four times, and its disastrous operation will continue until the States and the National Government recognize the necessity of proper land classification and of adequate regulation of settlement.

"The knowledge that drought periods will recur is indispensable to any accurate and successful classification of land and to the economic management of dry-farm, grazing range, or forest. These results, which are of the first importance for the west, do not depend necessarily upon the accuracy of predictions based upon the sun-spot cycle. They are clearly indicated by the actual experience of the last 60 years, which not only confirms the recurrence of drought periods, but also suggests the interval. However, it is clear that it would be of the greatest value to be able to forecast the date, duration, and intensity of each drought period with some accuracy, as well as to anticipate the increasing rainfall of the wet phase. This would not only permit the taking of the necessary precautions against the disasters due to drought, but it would also make possible the development of an optimum system of management. This would enable the farmer to fit his crops and methods of tillage to the variations in rainfall and would permit the stockman to increase or decrease his herds or to vary his supplies of forage with the wet and dry phases of the cycle. In short, the cycle management of all the basic practices of the West would provide the maximum insurance against loss or disaster and would afford the greatest possible annual returns."

Recipes For This Week

(By Betty Barclay)

COFFEE CAKE

1 cup sugar.
1 cup raisins.
½ cup Crown Brand Corn Syrup.
2 eggs.
1 teaspoon cinnamon.
2 cups flour.
¼ cup Mazola.
½ cup strong coffee.
1 teaspoon soda.
½ teaspoon nutmeg.

Beat eggs and sugar until very light, then add the syrup and stir in the flour sifted with the other dry ingredients and mixed with the cleaned and dried raisins. Then add coffee with the Mazola and bake in a rather quick oven until the cake leaves the sides of the pan.

DELICIOUS CREAM COOKIES

1 cup Mazola.
4 beaten eggs.
1 cup nut meats.
½ cup chopped raisins.
1 teaspoon vanilla.
4 cups flour.
2 cups brown sugar.
⅔ cup sweet cream.
¼ cup Crown Brand Corn Syrup.
1 teaspoon Lemon Essence.
1 teaspoon salt.
½ cup Benson's Corn Starch.
4 teaspoons baking powder.

Cream the Mazola with the sugar and then add the eggs and beat until light. Mix the cream with the corn syrup and add to the batter alternately with the dry ingredients sifted together and mixed with the nuts and raisins. Flavour and drop by spoonfuls on buttered baking pans and cook in moderate oven (350 degrees Fahrenheit).

GUEST (pityingly, to novice who has at long last succeeded in blowing the tail feathers off a bird): "Better stick 'em in your hat, in case you don't get anything else."—The London Opinion, London, England.

SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

JANUARY 24

JESUS AND THE SAMARITAN WOMAN

Golden Text: "Christ Jesus came into the world save sinners."—1 Timothy, 1.15.

Lesson: John 4.1-42.

Devotional Reading: Isaiah 55.1-7.

Explanations and Comments

The Meeting Of Jesus and the Woman Of Samaria, verses 1-9.—On nearing Sychar the disciples went on to the village to buy food while Jesus sat down on the curb of Jacob's Well to rest. A woman approached. "She was like a waterlogged ship, not a total wreck, but incapable of movement, and needing both to be towed and steered into harbor." Great was her surprise when Jesus, a Jew, asked her, a Samaritan woman, to draw water for Him.

The Offer Of Living Water, verses 10-14.—Jesus replied in words full of yearning tenderness: "If you knew what God's blessings are, and how freely He gives them: if you knew that He who speaks to you has it in His power to give them all; you would be the speaker then, and He would not refuse you, He would give you the living water."

The woman must have been familiar with the figure of speech that Jesus used, and must have known that they held a hidden meaning, but she pretended to treat them literally and said that the well was deep, He had nothing with which to draw up the water; was He greater than their father Jacob who had dug the well and used it?

"This water quenches thirst for but a short time," solemnly Jesus said; "the water which I give becomes in one a well of water that springs into life eternal." Thus by a figure of speech, rather than by a declaration of doctrine, Jesus taught that when one is "born anew" he finds perfect satisfaction.

Under Conviction, verse 15.—Has some gleam of Jesus' meaning entered the woman's mind when she asks for this water, that she might never thirst, and might be saved the trouble of coming there to draw? The water of life is not be had for the mere nonchalant asking—it must be thirsted for. "She understands the gift now, but she neither understands it rightly nor desires it rightly. Our Lord, like a surgeon, must cleanse the sore before He heals it, must deepen the wound before He can close it. But He would have her convict herself. So without making any charge against her, He answers, 'Go, call thy husband'."—R. C. Gillie.

"I have no husband," the woman answered. "Thou hast well said, for thou hast had five husbands; and he, whom thou now hast is not thy husband"; this knowledge of her life convinced the woman that Jesus was a prophet.

The Dominant Nickel

More Five-Cent Coins Issued At Ottawa Mint Than Any Other Denomination

The great Canadian nickel continues to dominate the operations of the mint, if the annual figures issued by the new Canadian Government Department mean anything. In the year just closed no fewer than 5,620,000 coins of the five-cent denomination were delivered from the mint. The number exceeded even that of the pennies, of which a paltry 5,140,000 were issued; while dimes were a poor third, only 2,294,000 being minted in 1931.

The aristocrat of the silver coin — the 50 cent piece—appears to have had little demand in this time of depression, for only 68,000 were issued last year. The humble, but never-to-be-despised "two-bits" was coined to the value of $212,000, or 84,000 pieces, valued at 25 cents each.

In all, the Royal Canadian Mint struck 11,618,690 pieces in 1931, and issued 13,970,000.

The gross value of rough and fine gold and fine silver received by the mint last year, was $35,638,176. Deliveries from that institution to the Department of Finance had a value of $35,176,551. Trade bars sold were valued at $545,541.

The mint, last year, did not coin any $10 or $5 gold pieces.

Sign Of Early Spring

Regardless of the cold winds and falling of January snow, a butterfly came out to pay the cold world a visit. One of the coldest days of January brought this butterfly out of its hiding place, and was found by Mr. Skelston, Lumsden, Sask.

There's an ancient theory that it is impossible to have less than nothing. But whoever thought that up lived in the days before overdrawn bank accounts.

Errors in judgment are responsible for at least half the flying accidents, says a British expert on aviation insurance.

The grass-green emerald is found in an almost inaccessible locality in the Salzburg Alps.

Honey kept in a refrigerator tends to granulate; a warm dry storage place is more satisfactory.

"Life a Misery" From Headaches

Thanks to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills (Tonic) and a mother's advice she is well again.

"Headaches nearly drove me frantic," writes Mrs. J. F. Anchincloss, Ingersoll. "The pain would be so severe that my eyes would swell shut. Life was a misery.
"Finally my mother saw where Dr. Williams' Pink Pills had helped someone. She bought a box and made me take them. I was so sick of doping. I had no faith, but thanks to mother's persistence and the pills I am here and well today."

PROVIDE IRON

If your blood condition is below par you probably need the iron which Dr. Williams' Pills provide. You are only as well as your blood is rich. Poor blood causes headaches.
Don't let life be "a misery" to you. Get a box of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills at any druggist's. 50 cents a box. Don't delay. Be sure to say "Dr. Williams'" so that the druggist will know exactly what you want. 103

Russian Wheat Yields

Soviets Plan Large Increase In Acreage For 1932

Russia plans to sow 348,000,000 acres to crops for harvest next fall—8,000,000 more than last year.

This was reported by the United States agriculture department which also said the 1931 wheat crop of Russia, the world's largest producer, "may definitely be considered a poor one."

The 1932 plan for the spring sown area calls for 252,000,000 acres compared with 241,000,000 planted last spring. The largest increase in this area, however, will be in industrial crops, such as cotton and flax, with the spring wheat acreage remaining practically the same. Spring wheat is the most important.

"A further significant factor in the situation," the department's Berlin observer reported, "is the announcement by the Soviet authorities that they intend to concentrate on quality rather than quantity."

Summing up the 1931 wheat harvest, he added:

"Although yields of winter wheat were fairly satisfactory, much of the spring acreage failed to make a crop, principally because of drouth." As a result, exports have been curtailed.

Sowings of winter grain last fall did not equal plans, and are below acreage sown the preceding year. Wheat procurings from collectives are also below announced plans due to interference from peasants.

Jellicoe Resigns From Legion Office

Earl Jellicoe, famous admiral, is retiring from the presidency of the British Legion on account of ill-health. He has occupied the post for three years. Earl Jellicoe visited Canada last autumn and was ill on his return, being confined to his home on the Isle of Wight for some weeks. He remains grand president of the British Empire Service League.

Huge Sum For Relief

Government and municipalities of Ontario spent $15,738,000 on unemployment relief in 1930 and 1931. Hon. George S. Henry, provincial premier, told a Toronto service club recently. A total of 43,000 persons had been given employment, he said.

RESTFUL SLEEP for FRETFUL, FEVERISH CHILD
—With Castoria's regulation

When your child tosses and cries out in his sleep, it means he is not comfortable. Very often the trouble is that poisonous waste matter is not being carried off as it should be. Bowels need help—mild, gentle help—but effective. Just the kind Castoria gives. Castoria is a pure vegetable preparation made specially for children's ailments. It contains no harsh, harmful drugs, no narcotics. Don't let your child's rest—and your own—be interrupted. A prompt dose of Castoria will urge stubborn little bowels to act. Then relaxed comfort and restful sleep! Genuine Castoria always has the name:

Chas. H. Fletcher.
CASTORIA
CHILDREN CRY FOR IT

PROPOSE UNION GOVERNMENT FOR THE PRAIRIES

Winnipeg, Man.—Canada's prairie west gnawed Thursday night, Jan. 14, on a new economic morsel, thrown to it by the Progressive Premier of Manitoba, Hon. John Bracken, from the sick-room here where he is confined with a severe cold.

It was a suggestion that this province take the lead in bringing about amalgamation of the governments of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta into a single unit to administer government for all three provinces. The saving would be "millions of dollars" within a few years, Premier Bracken said.

An indication that the scheme had received consideration at the last inter-provincial conference at Edmonton two weeks ago, was given by Premier J. T. Anderson, head of Saskatchewan's Co-Operative Government, in commenting at Regina on the Bracken proposal. "Personal opinions expressed there were favorable," he remarked.

The Edmonton conference was attended by Mr. Anderson, Premier J. E. Brownlee of Alberta, and Hon. W. J. Major, Attorney-General for Manitoba. Thursday, Jan. 14, Premier Brownlee said: "The proposal was discussed and undoubtedly it has certain attractions the chief of them being the savings that would result from one administration instead of three."

He thought the saving might run from $2,000,000 to $3,000,000 a year in government administration on the prairies. "Principally, however, the advantage would be that the prairies would speak with one voice on all Dominion matters, whereas now they sometimes speak with different voices owing to the political views held by the three governments."

Premier Bracken's suggestion, made in a statement which he issued at his home and prompted by the action Wednesday, Jan. 13, of a special committee of the Manitoba legislature on redistribution in giving unfavorable consideration to a proposal that the number of legislature seats be reduced from 55 to 35, marked the first serious expression of opinion by a western government head on a proposal strongly supported a year ago by farm bodies in Saskatchewan and Manitoba.

Just two months ago Mr. Bracken remarked "interesting if feasible" when the suggestion was advanced by A. J. MacAuley, president of the United Farmers of Canada, Saskatchewan section, at the annual convention of United Farmers of Manitoba.

In his statement, addressed to the committee on redistribution, the Premier expressed disappointment that the seat reduction plan had been turned down. Cost of the next legislative session "must be reduced," he declared.

"Personally I would like to see the committee go even further in the direction of economy than has been proposed," the statement noted. In proposing that it consider a one-prairie-government plan, Mr. Bracken said he thought its operation would be particularly advantageous to western Canada during the present depression.

Favors Quota System

Would Aid Saskatchewan Agriculture Says J. D. McFarlane

Saskatoon, Sask.—Establishment of a quota system between Canada and Great Britain for wheat was visualized as one of the great hopes for Saskatchewan agriculture by J. D. McFarlane, president of the Saskatchewan Agricultural Societies' Association in presenting his annual report. He also believed in cancellation of war debts and a change in the system of obtaining credit by the countries of the world.

Urges Indians To Disobey

British Girl Says Gandhi's Campaign Should Be Carried On

Ahmedabad, India.—Miss Madeline Slade, daughter of a British admiral, has made a plea to Indian Nationalists to carry on the civil disobedience campaign of Mahatma Gandhi.

"Now that Gandhi's voice is silenced behind prison walls," she said, "it is all the more our sacred duty to carry out his dearest wish—spinning and weaving homespun."

The U.S. post office department is interested in a newly perfected device which weighs mail and records the amount of postage to be paid.

Condemns Protection Policy

Hon. Mackenzie King Asks Government To Modify Position On Tariff

Winnipeg, Man.—With the declaration that, speaking generally, if returned to power tomorrow the Liberal Party would restore the tariff levels which were in effect when it went out of office, Rt. Hon. Mackenzie King, Liberal Leader, condemned the protectionist policy of the present administration. He made a plea for action by members of parliament with a view to securing modification by the government of its position on the tariff in order that the coming Imperial Economic Conference might not prove the "fiasco" which that of 1930 had been.

The Liberal leader spoke at a large banquet which marked the close of the annual meeting of the Manitoba Liberal Association. An enthusiastic reception was accorded him, and at the conclusion of the meeting he was the central figure at an informal gathering where hundreds of those present were introduced.

His speech, first of the new year, contained strong criticism of the government on the grounds of waste and extravagance in the conduct of unemployment relief. It demanded why a tariff board had not been appointed. At a time of fluctuating exchanges and depreciated currencies such a board would have been valuable. The legislation had been passed at the last session.

But it was in connection with the railway situation that the Liberal leader voiced his strongest protest. The holding of secret sittings by the commission on transportation which is at present meeting in eastern Canada, he condemned in the most definite terms. "Wholly indefensible" was the phrase used by Mr. King in dealing with these secret sittings.

The Canadian National was not to be made "the scapegoat for the condition into which Mr. Bennett's policies have served to bring this country," Mr. King asserted strongly. It must not be caused to "serve the ends of any transportation monopoly in Canada."

Governor-General Postpones Visit

Trip To Western Canada Will Be Made Next Autumn

Ottawa, Ont.—The Governor-General has postponed until next autumn his trip through western Canada, it was announced Wednesday night, January 13, at Rideau Hall. Originally planned for the spring, the trip now will be made in time to enable Lord Bessborough to attend the Canadian Pacific Exhibition in Vancouver next fall.

Except for one or two brief excursions to Toronto and Montreal, the Governor-General and Lady Bessborough will remain in Ottawa for the parliamentary session. It will be the first session opened officially by Lord Bessborough.

Lady Bessborough will leave for England at the end of February for a short visit. Subject to the date of the Ottawa Imperial Conference, the Governor-General expects to take up his summer residence in Quebec City at the beginning of June.

Drew May Attend Geneva Conference

Organizations Think War Veteran Should Be One Of Delegates

Toronto, Ont.—"Inclusion of Lieut.-Col. George A. Drew in the Canadian delegation to the Geneva Conference in February is being aimed at by a number of organizations bringing their influence to bear on the Government at Ottawa in this regard," the Mail and Empire states it has been authoritatively learned.

"Those behind the move," the paper states, "are understood to be Canadian Legion executives and a number of kindred organizations desirous of having among the Canadian delegates one man who took an active part in the Great War."

Reward Superior To Garnet

Saskatoon, Sask.—Dr. R. K. Larmour, cereal chemist at the University of Saskatchewan, in charge of the milling and baking laboratory, in reporting on the comparison of Garnet and Reward wheats, showed that Reward was far superior.

Rumor Is Denied

Edmonton, Alberta.—Rumors that Premier Brownlee will sever connections with the Alberta for an Ottawa post are not treated with much consideration here. The legislature is due to open February 4. There is not even indication of a cabinet shake-up.

Manitoba Farmers Need Aid

Appeal For Dominion Funds Made By Minister Of Agriculture

Winnipeg, Man.—An appeal for Dominion aid to hard-up farmers of Manitoba was made Wednesday, Jan. 13, by Hon. Albert Prefontaine, Provincial Minister of Agriculture, when he conferred with Hon. Robert Weir, Minister of Agriculture in the Dominion Cabinet. The situation among farmers in Manitoba generally was just as desperate as those of other parts of Western Canada, he said.

Many farmers were facing destitution, continued Mr. Prefontaine, who said that aid in the shape of feed and seed grain was necessary for them to face another year. Unless feed was forthcoming many would be forced to part with their cattle, he said.

PIERRE LAVAL IS AGAIN PREMIER OF FRANCE

Paris, France.—Pierre Laval, sturdy little Auvergnat, again became head of the French Government as Premier in the reorganization of his cabinet.

He also took over the portfolio of Foreign Minister, held for so long by Aristide Briand, and induced his old-time friend and predecessor in the premiership, Andre Tardieu, to accept the post of Minister of War, vacated by the death of Andre Maginot.

Thus M. Tardieu will go to Geneva as France's principal representative to the disarmament conference on February 2.

Succeeding Premier Laval in the all-important post of Minister of the Interior, on which the outcome of next spring's legislative elections may hinge, is young Pierre Cathala, a disciple of Laval and Tardieu.

To succeed Tardieu in the agriculture Department, which controls and cares for France's great rural population, the Premier selected Achille Fould, young former under-secretary, who was given ministerial rank.

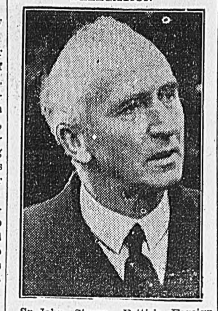
The French cabinet crisis, one of the briefest in the history of the third republic, thus was terminated. Premier Laval said he had urged M. Briand to participate in the work of the new cabinet in whatever capacity he felt able—presumably as minister without portfolio — so as to lend the weight of his moral influence to the incoming government's endeavor.

After reconstructing his cabinet, the Premier took the new members across the street from his office to the Elysee Palace to present them to President Domerque, in accordance with custom.

Reorganization of the cabinet was decided upon after the death of War Minister Maginot had caused one gap, and the illness of M. Briand, the veteran foreign minister, resulted in at least a temporary vacancy.

The Laval-Tardieu team is one well tried in foreign relations. Premier Laval, although a newcomer to the diplomatic game, was France's spokesman during the past summer and autumn in conversations at London, Berlin and Washington, and was the first premier to welcome a German chancellor on French soil since the war of 1870. M. Tardieu was his country's High Commissioner to the United States, in 1918, one of the drafters of the Treaty of Versailles in 1919 under Premier Georges Clemenceau, and a negotiator at the London Naval Conference in 1930.

HEADS BRITISH REPARATIONS DELEGATION



Sir John Simon, British Foreign Minister, who will lead the British delegation to the Reparations Conference at Lausanne, according to reports from London, England.

Cannot Hold Two Positions

Civil Servants Forbidden To Accept Municipal Appointments

Ottawa, Ont.—"The Government has decided to allow Controllers Fulgence Charpentier and Daniel McCann to remain at their posts in the public service and also serve on the Board of Control for the balance of the year but will issue an order forbidding all government servants in future to accept municipal appointments," the Journal says.

"The decision of the government forbidding all government employees throughout the country from accepting municipal positions is of widespread interest as it takes in every section of the country.

"It is definitely understood the order forbidding government employees to accept municipal positions is a general one so that it will affect postmasters serving in rural municipalities and all others paid from the Federal Treasury who add the affairs of their community to their other activities.

"It is not expected the government's decision will affect municipal positions which are not elective and where no fees or salaries are paid such as on suburban roads commissions or on school boards.

"It is understood the aim of the cabinet is to prevent civil servants from drawing two salaries and also having their working hours interfered with by outside matters."

Senator Thinks Canada Is Over-Governed

Says There Are Too Many Government Employees

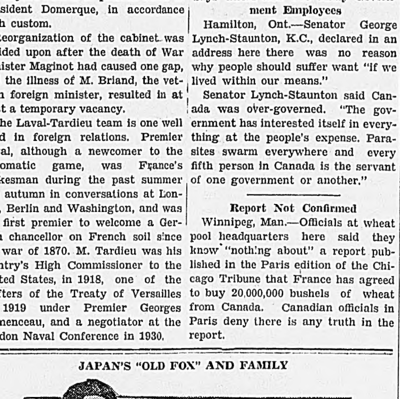
Hamilton, Ont.—Senator George Lynch-Staunton, K.C., declared in an address here there was no reason why people should suffer want "if we lived within our means."

Senator Lynch-Staunton said Canada was over-governed. "The government has interested itself in everything at the people's expense. Parasites swarm everywhere and every fifth person in Canada is the servant of one government or another."

Report Not Confirmed

Winnipeg, Man.—Officials at wheat pool headquarters here said they know "nothing about" a report published in the Paris edition of the Chicago Tribune that France has agreed to buy 20,000,000 bushels of wheat from Canada. Canadian officials in Paris deny there is any truth in the report.

JAPAN'S "OLD FOX" AND FAMILY



Here is the first intimate photograph of M. Isuyoshi Inukai, new Premier of Japan, made as the statesman sat in his family circle, at their home in Tokyo. Left to right are Mrs. Isuyoshi Inukai, Premier Inukai, Mrs. Nakako-San, his daughter-in-law, and one of the Premier's many grandchildren. The venerable statesman rarely has the opportunity for family reunions when he is directing his country's Manchurian policy, so this photo may be regarded as distinctly unusual.

Ex-Kaiser's Sister Dies

Former Queen Sophie Of Greece Succumbs To Lingering Illness

Frankfort-On-Main, Germany. — Former Queen Sophie of Greece, sister of former Kaiser Wilhelm, died at a clinic here after a lingering illness from cancer. She was 61 years old.

The one-time queen of the Hellenes, had lived in Florence, Italy, since the death of her husband, King Constantine, in exile at Palermo on January 11, 1923. She came to Frankfort last November to seek the advice of a specialist, who operated on November 12, but found her ailment too far advanced for successful treatment.

During the last week, she underwent a series of relapses. Her children, George, Paul, Helen—Queen of Roumania—and Irene, were called to the bedside each time.

Meighen May Be Appointed To Senate

Likely To Succeed Late Sir George Foster Is Report

Ottawa, Ont.—The Journal publishes the following:

"The appointment of Rt. Hon. Arthur Meighen, a former Prime Minister of Canada, to the Senate in succession to the late Sir George Foster, and also the naming of the former Conservative Leader to the position of government leader in the Upper House is being favorably considered by the government."

Hon. W. B. Willoughby is the present government leader in the Senate. During the last session Senator G. D. Robertson, Minister of Labor, represented the government in the Senate and assisted in the leadership.

Trans-Atlantic Flight

B.C. Aviator Will Attempt Aeroplane Solo Flight Next Summer

Nelson, B.C.—Eric Redgrave-Gunner, of Fernie, B.C., who has announced his intention to attempt this summer a trans-Atlantic aeroplane solo flight, and also a trans-Canada flight from Montreal to Vancouver, is a pilot of many years experience, having taken up flying in 1914 before the outbreak of the war. He has received word of financial backing from England for his trans-Atlantic attempt.

A pre-war pilot in England, Redgrave-Gunner has been a commercial pilot and instructor in the Crow's Nest Pass cities of Fernie and Cranbrook. He was born in Alton, Hampshire, England, in 1896.

R. C. M. P. WILL ASSUME POLICING OF ALBERTA

Ottawa, Ont.—From April 1 the Royal Canadian Mounted Police will take over the duties in Alberta now performed by the Alberta Provincial Police, according to an official announcement made here.

The agreement which will be made between the two governments—Provincial and Federal—will be on the same basis as that reached with Saskatchewan several years ago when the Royal Mounted absorbed the provincial police in its ranks.

Some three years ago the R.C.M.P. assumed the duty of policing Saskatchewan, taking over the work that had been formerly done by the Provincial Police there. An agreement was arrived at between the Dominion and the Province whereby the latter undertook to contribute a lump sum to the federal treasury over a period of years in order to defray the expenditures incurred in the arrangement. The proposal to extend this system to Alberta emanated from the province as a result of the success attending the working out of the agreement in Saskatchewan.

Winnipeg, Man.—Manitoba would be prepared to consider any proposition leading to the policing of the whole Dominion by the Federal Government, Hon. W. J. Major, Attorney-General of Manitoba, told the Canadian Press.

He added that he had had no word from Ottawa about the matter nor had he been in conversation with Alberta. He said he could not predict what reception such a suggestion would get from Manitoba, but remarked that such a plan would save the provincial administration considerable money.

"At the present time the majority of the provinces in Canada are negotiating with the Dominion Government for the taking over of the policing of the provinces by the Royal Canadian Mounted Police."

BRITISH ADHERE TO FIRM POLICY PLAN FOR INDIA

London, England.—"So long as we are responsible for the government of India, we intend to govern," Rt. Hon. Sir Samuel Hoare, Secretary of State for India, frankly declared during an interview here in which he discussed recent events in India.

He spoke to a large assembly of newspapermen, representing many nationalities, gathered at the India office. Now and again as he spoke of the success attending the government's efforts to maintain order he smilingly "touched wood."

In the "red shirt" movement in the northwest provinces; in the no-rent campaign in the United provinces, and in the terrorist campaign in Bengal a challenge had been flung at the government of India which it had to accept, Sir Samuel declared.

"We took the only action any self-respecting government could take," the Secretary of State added. "We took it drastically and we took it all at once."

Bombay, India.—With the government's ordinances still in effect Nationalist India faces adversity in commerce as a result of the "non-violent" civil disobedience campaign conducted by the Nationalists.

Since Mahatma Gandhi was imprisoned two weeks ago, the campaign has been without major disorder, but business has almost come to a standstill.

Sporadic manifestations against the government continue. A volunteer of the National Congress broke a leg in an attempt to haul down the Union Jack which flies from the top of the Congress headquarters, now in the possession of the police.

As he was climbing to the flag he was seen and challenged by a sentry. One of his legs was fractured in his attempt to escape. He was arrested and taken to a hospital.

Of minor interest was the imposition of a fine of 25 rupees each on four boys who had urged that their school at Surat be closed in protest against Gandhi's arrest.

The headquarters of the local branch of the Nationalist Congress at Lucknow was closed by authorities, and 40 persons, most of them volunteers, were arrested. Nationalist organizations in the Bengal district to the number of 272 were outlawed by officials at Calcutta.

In Favor Of Union

Manitoba Liberals Endorse Proposal Of Union Government For Manitoba

Winnipeg, Man.—Action of Dr. Murdock MacKay, Provincial Liberal Leader in approving Premier Bracken's proposal of a Union Government for Manitoba was endorsed by the Manitoba Liberal Association at its annual meeting here. Sharp opposition to the merger of the Liberal and Progressive forces in the Province was expressed but the proposal carried on a standing vote and an amendment to give it the traditional six-months' hoist was defeated.

Premier Bracken some months ago invited the Liberal, Conservative and Labor opposition groups in the legislature to join in the formation of a union government with cabinet representation for all. The invitation was rejected by the Conservative and Labor wings of the Opposition but accepted on behalf of the Liberals by Dr. MacKay who defended his stand at the convention, and was endorsed.

No Sunday Shows

Drop Proposal To Hold Moving Picture Shows On Sunday In Winnipeg

Winnipeg, Man.—Proposal to hold Sunday moving picture shows here, with revenues to be used for relief of unemployed, has been dropped. Mayor Ralph H. Webb said. Opposition to the plan had been expressed by so many citizens, the mayor said, that he doubted if even the financial returns would be worthwhile.

Collections were to be taken at the theatres, four of which would put on shows Sunday nights after church services were over.

Lower Living Costs

Ottawa, Ont.—"Cost of living index numbers, with very few exceptions, fell much faster in 1931 than in 1930, which may be taken as a favorable development. Wholesale and retail price levels must come closer together before a substantial improvement in business can be anticipated," says a report on price movements in 1931, issued recently by the Bureau of Statistics.

Incredible Airplane Speeds

Predicted That a Speed Of 740 Miles An Hour Is Not Unattainable

Now that an airplane has been driven at over 400 miles an hour, engineers are wondering just how fast man can fly—whether there is any physiological reason to suppose that the human body cannot stand the strain of speeds much greater than those so far attained. The pilots who took part in the last Schneider cup race, when the record was broken, felt no discomfort on a straight course apart from the deafening roar of the engines. For a second all became black before their eyes when they swirled around a pylon, but they never lost their muscular sense. Since the stresses set up in the airplane at 400 times an hour are nine times as great as at 133 miles, the racer must of necessity sweep in wide circles. Apart from this, only pilots trained as carefully as prizefighters can cut corners at high speed. So far there is not the slightest evidence that anything like the ultimate speed limit has been reached. One British engineer who has examined this question with some care even predicts a speed of 740 miles an hour within a generation.

High accelerations are more to be feared than continued high speed. What high accelerations mean is driven home when an automobile is started with a lurch. The body is flung against the back of the seat. In a 5,000-mile-an-hour rocketship the starting acceleration might be so high that the passengers would be squeezed into a pulp against a vertical partition as if by an invisible hand of gigantic power. But if slow starts are possible, there is no reason for any speed limit on a straightaway flight.—New York Times.

Cold Weather Lowers Egg Production

Storage Holdings Less At First Of Year Than At Same Period In 1931

Relief for the heavy stocked eastern egg market is expected to follow the advent of wintry weather in Manitoba and Saskatchewan, states a report of the Dominion Department of Agriculture.

British Columbia and Alberta, where milder conditions prevail, have had very heavy production and prices have been brought down to new low levels for the season. In the coast province, due to low egg values, marketing of hens has increased appreciably.

Preliminary reports of storage holdings on January 1 at Montreal, Toronto and Winnipeg indicate total stocks of 2,133,990 dozen eggs, considerably below the figures for the same period of 1931.

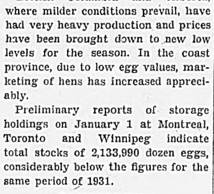
War On Billboards

Freeing Scenic Beauty From One Of the Worst Forms Of Mutilation

Since the beginning of the present calendar year, when New Jersey's billboard law went into effect, the Jersey landscape has been improved by the disappearance of about 25,000 billboards. Some persons who had erected billboards abandoned them and authorized the State authorities to remove them. Others did not apply for licenses. Many billboards have been removed to less objectionable locations and many persons have ceased to use this form of advertising. On the other hand, some billboards have been erected. The net result, however, is in the direction of freeing scenic beauty from one of the worst forms of mutilation imaginable.

For filling an aquarium, water should preferably be taken from a stream, spring, or deep well; as water from reservoirs often contains chlorine or other chemicals.

The Chinese art of carving jade is known to have originated before the year 2000 B.C.



"You must treat me with respect as I am to a certain extent your employer."

"How is that?"

"I have just thrown a pail of rubbish on the pavement."—Lustige Blaetter, Berlin.

W. N. U. 1925

British Coal

Should Be No Objection To Increased Imports Of Anthracite

There should be no objection to increased imports of British anthracite coal into Canada, officials of the Mines Department here said, in commenting on a London cable in which it was forecast that this subject would be on the agenda of the forthcoming Imperial Conference. The problem in the past it was stated was the difficulty in profitably bringing British coal to Canada because of the lack of return cargoes for the coal-carrying vessels. It was also suggested that there would be more storage space required on this side if the imports were to be increased.

The London Morning Post said the agenda of the Imperial Conference would include the question of how far Canada would go in taking British coal in return for increased wheat shipments under the proposed quota plan of the National Government.

This same subject was brought up by Rt. Hon. J. H. Thomas, Secretary for the Dominions when he was in Canada two years ago and at that time he declared that Canada should be prepared to absorb more British coal which would be brought over in the bottoms that would carry Canadian wheat to the Old Country.

Imports of British coal have been increasing but at that only one ton in thirteen comes in from England. The other twelve come from the United States whose exports to Canada to October 30, 1931 were about 12 million tons. It is felt this should go to England.

Drink Milk For Good Teeth

Milk Is High In Calcium and Is a Good Tooth Builder

That good teeth have a direct relation to good health and that defective teeth may lead to serious illness, are two well-established facts. Medical authorities are stressing today more than ever before, the importance of building strong teeth and of maintaining them in good condition by eating the proper foods, by keeping them thoroughly cleaned, and by having them examined periodically by the dentist.

The minerals necessary for good teeth are, fortunately, supplied in our most common and abundant foods. Milk, high in calcium, stands first as the chief tooth builder and it is of vital importance that the diet of both children and adults should include a sufficient amount of this food to supply the calcium requirement. There will be no danger of a deficiency if milk is served as a beverage, particularly for children, and generously used in the making of cream soups, creamed meat and vegetable dishes, and milk desserts.—Department of Agriculture, Ottawa.

Eels For Holiday Fare

Live Eels Captured In St. Lawrence River Sent To New York

Thousands of live eels captured in the St. Lawrence were sent to New York to serve as Christmas fare for the large Italian element in that city.

Reports from New York indicate that the Italian community were in a high fever of excitement over the arrival of the eels. They insist upon having them alive. Prepared with herbs and olive oil, they are served with the best red wine that conditions permit.

From the time an eel is hatched it is two and a half years before it reaches the St. Lawrence from the spawning beds a mile down in the Sargasso Sea.

German Boat Sold

The gunboat "Panther," which represented the former Kaiser's mailed fist" at Agadir in 1911, was put up at public auction recently and knocked down to a Frankfurt bidder for $9,315. Bidding started at $750. With shipping in a sad state of depression, there is little likelihood that the ex-man-of-war will be converted into a sargo boat; probably she will be broken up. Since the end of the war and until recently, the "Panther" was used as a survey vessel in the German navy.

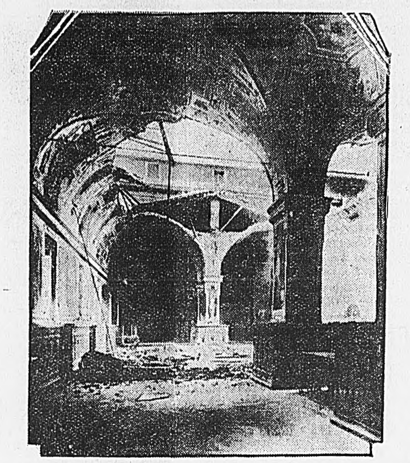
Vancouver's Maternal Mortality

Vancouver's maternal mortality rate last year of 2.9 per 1,000 live births was the lowest in history, and the infant mortality rate of 33 per 1,000 was only slightly higher than the 1930 record of 32.6, it was learned from figures prepared by the civic health department. The 2.9 maternal toll compares with 4.3 in 1930 and 4.1 in 1929. Thirteen mothers died in childbirth in the year.

"And has your baby learned to talk yet?"

"My yes! We're teaching him to keep quiet now."

AFTER THE VATICAN LIBRARY CRASHED



This picture shows the scene of the collapse of the roof in the famous Vatican Library after the majority of the debris had been removed. Five persons lost their lives here when the historic structure crashed, and fifteen thousand volumes, including works of incalculable value, were lost or damaged in the accident. Almost immediately 250 men were put to work salvaging the books and repairing the damage.

Farming and Depression

Agriculture Not Quite As Badly Off As Some Other Industries

The world can be said to be suffering more from over-prediction than over-production. This opinion was expressed in an emphatic manner by Dr. J. E. Lattimer, professor of Agricultural Economics at Macdonald College, Ste. Anne de Bellevue, in a recent address delivered here on "Some Aspects of the Agricultural Situation."

Farming was not in quite as sorry a predicament as some other industries because the volume of business was fairly well maintained Dr. Lattimer observed. As an industry, however, it had small purchasing power for manufactured goods at present prices, awaiting more or less a readjustment of prices before entering the market as a buyer. This was largely from compulsion, he continued, but also partly from resentfulness at the present price discrepancy. Hence there was the alternative still open to many industries of either lowering their prices or taking their punishment in unemployment, Dr. Lattimer said.

France To Build Legation

Will Erect Two Buildings At Ottawa For Minister and Legation Staff

The French Government will erect two buildings in Ottawa, to cost approximately $120,000 furnished, for its legation. One will serve as residence for Hon. C. A. Henry, French Minister, and the other will house the offices of the legation staff.

Arrangements for the purchase of a site are expected to be completed soon and a Canadian architect will be secured to prepare the plans along recognized French architectural lines. The plans then will be submitted for approval of the French Government.

Machine To End Static

H. L. Mayson, formerly on the staff of the rural hydro department at Sarnia, and a practicing engineer, has received word from the United States patent office at Washington that his invention of the "colometerdyne" has been allowed for patent. This instrument is said to be the first of its kind capable of arresting static.

Work For Horse-Shoers

Smithy Shops In Montreal Are Still Flourishing

In these days of motors, horseshoeing has practically become a lost art in the large cities of Canada. In Montreal, however, there can still be found a few independent blacksmiths besides those employed by large companies such as the railways and breweries, who do their own work.

According to the proprietor of one of these establishments which looks much the same as it did when the coach and four was at its heyday, the shoeing of horses is an active enough business as the cleats wear out rapidly on the hard city pavements. From three weeks to a month is about their usual duration. Some horses, particularly the heavy dray type, are quite hard on their footwear and frequently require a change of steel oxfords after two weeks of hauling. So long as the door-to-door deliveries are made by baking, laundry and grocery concerns, the horse will remain an integral part of the city's commercial life, he believes.

New Method Of Keeping Honey Fresh

Valuable Discoveries Made By National Research Council

Maple syrup 15 to 20 times as strong in flavor, and honey that will not spoil through fermentation, are new practical achievements according to a recent announcement by the National Research Council. Scientists have been working on these subjects for some time and the improvement desired in the maple sugar and syrup industry has been attained, the announcement stated, while the means of measuring the water content of honey and thereby providing a measure of protection against spoilage, is being worked out satisfactorily.

These discoveries are expected to prove of considerable value as the annual production of maple sugar and syrup in Canada is normally worth about $6,000,000, while about 30,000,000 pounds of honey is an average yearly output.

Vices are among the oldest things on record, and yet history does not chronicle the loss of a single one.

BONZO - - - By Studdy

Saskatchewan Seed Fair

Oat Championship Awarded To H. G. Neufeld Of Codette

Further awards of the Saskatchewan Provincial Seed Fair at the University of Saskatchewan gives the championship in oats to H. G. Neufeld, of Codette, Sask., for a 47 pounds to the bushel. C. H. Gilbert, of Big River, took second place with a sample of Victory, weighing 49 pounds per bushel. In early varieties of oats, George Avery, of Kelso, takes first place. In the barley classes, H. A. Myers, of Vanscoy, has first place in the two-rowed class, and Cecil Trowell, of Saltcoats, first place with a six-rowed sample.

In white potatoes, M. G. Trowell, of Saltcoats, took first place with a sample of Gold Nugget, and J. Whitehead, of Saskatoon, headed the early Ohio class. In the Green Mountain group, H. J. Davis, of Edfield, led, while Jas. Whitehead was first in the Russet Burbank group and in potatoes of any other variety.

Dr. J. B. Harrington announced that the University of Saskatchewan expected to put out a selection of Pellisier durum wheat that would be as smooth and uniform as Mindum.

Man's Chemical Composition

The Stuff That Humanity Is Made Of Is Itemized

Dr. T. E. Lawson's prescription for a man has aroused some interest. Take:

Enough water to fill a ten-gallon barrel.

Enough fat for seven bars of soap.

Carbon for 9,000 lead pencils.

Phosphorus to make 2,200 match-heads.

Magnesium for one dose of salts.

Iron to make one medium-sized nail.

Sufficient lime to whitewash a chicken coop.

Sulphur enough to rid one dog of fleas; and you get an Einstein or a village idiot, according as you arrange the ingredients. A pugilist, no doubt, will require a little more water, and a jockey a little less fat; but that is the stuff of humanity. Item No. 3 seems to indicate that man was predestined to authorship.—London Observer.

Cold Storage Food

Diversified Holdings In Cold Storage In Canada At Beginning Of Year

Canada opened the year with large and diversified food holdings in cold storage. Butter holdings totalled 23,913,390 pounds, compared with 22,171,213 pounds on January 1, 1931. Holdings of eggs dropped from 8,637,060 dozen last year to 7,280,400, but pork holdings were almost double. Cheese holdings dropped from 16,529,500 pounds last year to 11,567,100 pounds, and beef from 11,225,100 to 9,853,400 pounds.

Poultry of all kinds numbered 13,243,700, compared with 7,550,500 last year. Fish holdings totalled 18,967,800 pounds, as against 31,277,100 last year.

Poaching Operations

Widespread In Cree Indian Area Near James Bay

Evidence of "fur poisoning" has been discovered in connection with poaching operations reported widespread in the Cree Indian area near James Bay, according to officials of the Ontario Department of Game and Fisheries. Working through the Royal Canadian Mounted Police, provincial authorities are moving toward putting an end to the illegal raids, carried out with the assistance of aeroplanes.

It is likely 'planes will be used by the forces set by the government to detect the poachers.

Warns Of War

A three-cornered conflict, involving Japan, China and Russia was foreseen by Dr. T. Z. Koo, Chinese vice-chairman of the World's Student Christian Federation, who arrived at Montreal for a lecture tour of Eastern Canada. The well-known Chinese scholar expressed his opinion that the three great Oriental powers were slowly drifting into "what may prove to be a very serious conflict."

Several sports receive subsidies from the French Government. The highest sum is about $11,400 given to encourage rifle-shooting, and the lowest, $80, is for baseball.

Lady (entering shop)—"What do your envelopes run at now?

Smart Salesman—"They don't run, ma'am; they stationery."

Huge electric light bulbs have been put on a Los Angeles speedway to enable auto racing at night.

Race For Height

Empire State Building In New York World's Tallest Office Building

At the dedicatory exercises, held on the 86th floor of the Empire State Building, in New York, which soars 1,250 feet into the sky of midtown Manhattan, Mr. R. H. Shreve, associate architect, revealed some of the astounding features of a structure that is victor in the race for height.

Mr. Shreve stated that the Empire State Building weighs some 600,000,000 pounds. Furthermore, as reported in the New York Times:

He computed, however, that the great bulk weighed no more than a 45 foot rock pile that might cover its site.

"He explained that 210 columns supported the burden of the building, and that the structure was vertical within a variation of five-eighths of an inch.

"The load was distributed so evenly that the weight on any given square inch was no greater than that normally borne by a French heel, he declared."

Col. W. A. Starrett, head of the construction company which completed the building in less than a year from the day on which the first of the 210 columns or "legs" on which it stands was installed, revealed further interesting facts. As reported in the Herald-Tribune:

"Three hundred tons of chrome-nickel steel were used in the pier trims of the building, and 450 tons of aluminum were used to make the spandrels or panels under the windows and in the mooring-mast exterior.

"About 200,000 cubic feet of limestone, of which the building exterior is composed, were used, and 10,000,000 common brick. Six thousand four hundred windows were in the structure.

"The completed building contains 37,000,000 cubic feet."

Has the limit been reached?

How long will this building, which is 225 feet higher than the Eiffel Tower in Paris, retain its supremacy as the highest building ever erected by man? asks the Literary Digest, and the New York Times replies: Realty men agree that the office skyscrapers of today have approached the limit of economic practicability in height.

Potato Disease

Circular Issued In Colors Showing Wide Range Of Diseases

A special circular showing in natural colours a range of thirty-six potato diseases, with a precise glossary of identification and description, has been prepared under the direction of the Dominion Botanist, Dr. H. T. Gussow, which should prove of inestimable value to potato growers and farmers throughout Canada. From the illustration supplied in natural size anyone can recognize a faulty tuber and thus guard against serious loss through planting diseased seed. The most effective way in which to guard against serious losses from disease is to use only bona fide Canadian certified seed potatoes. Published by direction of the Hon. Robt. Weir, Federal Minister of Agriculture, this circular is available without cost to Canadian farmers on application to the Publications Branch of the Department at Ottawa.

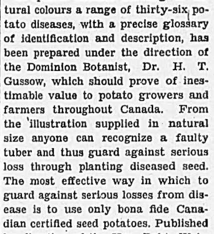
Poor Opinion Of Professor

Prof. T. W. Isherwood, of Wycliffe College, Toronto, deplores the decline of the romantic spirit and to support his belief tells the story of a little boy, aged about nine, who asked: "Mr. Isherwood do you believe in Santa Claus?" "Do I believe in Santa Claus?" the savant repeated, not wishing to disillusion the lad. "Of course I do. Why not?" "Well," the little boy retorted, "You must be dumb."

In order to test the fitness of pilots, whether they are too nervous to fly, a device known as a "wobble-meter," has been developed.

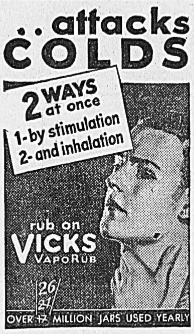
"I suppose you've heard rumors that I'm engaged to Peggy?"

"Yes. If it's true, I congratulate you; if not, I congratulate Peggy."



"But why don't you go to the dentist's?"

"We are enemies."—Kasper, Stockholm.



THE HOUSE OF DREAMS-COME-TRUE

— BY —

MARGARET PEDLER

Author Of
"The Splendid Folly," "The Hermit Of Far End."
Hodder & Stoughton, Ltd., London.

CHAPTER XI.

"The Sins Of the Fathers——"

A few days later, Jean, coming in from a long tramp across country in company with Nick and a half a dozen dogs of various breeds, discovered Tormarin lounging in a chair by the fire. He was in riding kit, having just returned from visiting an outlying corner of the estates where his bailiff had suggested that a new plantation might be made, and Jean eyed his long supple figure with secret approval. Like most well-built Englishmen, he looked his best in kit that demanded the donning of breeches and leggings.

A fine rain was falling out of doors, and beads of moisture clung to Jean's clothes and sparkled in the blown tendrils of russet hair which had escaped from beneath the little turban hat she was wearing. Apparently, however, her appearance did not rouse Tormarin to any reciprocal appreciation, for, after bestowing the briefest of glances upon her as she entered, he averted his eyes, concentrating his attention upon the misty ribands of smoke that drifted upwards from his cigarette.

Jean knelt down on the hearth, and, pulling off her rain-soaked gloves, held out her hands to the fire's cheerful blaze.

"It's good-bye to all the skating, I'm afraid," she said regretfully. "Nick says we're not likely to have another hard frost like the last, now that the weather has broken so completely."

"No. It's April next month—supposely springtime, you know," returned Blaise indifferently.

He seemed disinclined to talk, and Jean eyed him contemplatively. His attitude towards her baffled her as much as ever. He was unfailingly courteous and considerate, but he remained, nevertheless, unmistakably aloof, avoiding her whenever it was politely possible, and when it was not, treating her with a cool neutrality of manner that was as complete a contrast to his demeanour when they were together at Montavan as could well be imagined. Indeed, sometimse Jean almost wondered if the events of that day they spent amid the snows had really taken place—they seemed so far away, so entirely unrelated to her present life, notwithstanding the fact that she was in daily contact with the man who had shared them with her.

"It was rather uncomplimentary of you not to come skating with us a solitary once," she remarked at last, an accent of reproach in her voice. "Was my performance on the rink at Montavan so execrable that you felt you couldn't risk it again?"

He looked up, his glance meeting hers levelly.

"You've phrased it excellently," he replied briefly. "I felt I couldn't risk it."

A sudden flush mounted to Jean's face. There was no misunderstanding the significance that underlay the curt words, which, as she was vibrantly aware, bore no relation whatever to her skill, or absence of it, on the ice.

Blaise made no endeavour to relieve the awkward silence that ensued. Instead, his eyes rested upon her with a somewhat quizzical expression, as though he were rather entertained than otherwise by her evident confusion. Jean felt her indignation rising.

"It is fortunate that other people are not so—nervous," she said disdainfully. "Otherwise I should find myself as isolated as a fever hospital."

"It is fortunate indeed," he agreed politely.

In the course of the three weeks which had elapsed since her arrival at Staple, Jean had dared several similar passages-at-arms with her host. Women-like, she was bent on getting behind his guard of reticence, on forcing him into an explanation of his altered attitude towards her—since no woman can be expected to endure that a man should completely change from ill-suppressed ardour to a cool, impersonal detachment of manner, without aching to know the reason why! But in every instance Tormarin had carried off the honours of war, parrying her small thrusts with a lazy insouciance which she found galling in the extreme.

Hitherto she had encountered little difficulty in getting pretty much her own way with the men of her acquaintance; she had sufficient of the temperament and charm of the red-haired type to compass that. But her efforts to elucidate the cause of the change in Blaise Tormarin were about as prolific of result as the efforts of a butterfly at stone-breaking.

Fortunately for the preservation of peace, at this juncture there came the sound of voices, and Lady Anne entered the room, accompanied by a visitor. Her clever, grey eyes flashed quickly from Jean's flushed face to that of her son, but, if she sensed the electricity in the atmosphere, she made no comment.

"Blaise, my dear, here is Judith," she said pleasantly. "I found her wandering forlornly in the lanes, so I drove her back here. She has just returned from town, and for some reason her car wasn't at the station to meet her."

"I wired home saying what time I should reach Coombe Eavie," exclaimed the new-comer. "But as I was rather late reaching Waterloo, I rashly entrusted the wire to a small boy to send off for me, and I'm afraid he's played me false. I should have had to trudge the whole way back to Willow Ferry if Lady Anne hadn't happened along."

Lady Anne turned to Jean, and, laying an affectionate hand on her arm, drew her forward.

"Jean, let me introduce you to Mrs. Craig. My new acquisition, Judith," she went on contentedly. "A daughter. I always told you I wanted one. Now I've borrowed someone's else's."

Jean found herself shaking hands with a slender distinctive-looking woman who moved with a slow languorous grace that was almost snake-like in its peculiar suppleness. She gave one the impression that she had no bones in her body, or that if she had, they had never hardened properly but still retained the pliability of cartilage.

She was somewhat sallow — the consequence, it transpired later, of long residence in India—with sullen, slate-coloured eyes, appearing almost purple in shadow, and a straight, thin-lipped mouth. Jean decided that she was not in the least pretty, though attractive in an odd, feline way, and that she must be about thirty-two. As a matter of fact, Judith Craig was forty, but no one would have guessed it—and she would certainly not have confided it.

Presently Nick, who had been personally supervising the feeding of his beloved dogs, joined the party, greeting Mrs. Craig with the easy informality of an old friend, and shortly afterwards Baines brought in the tea-things.

"And where is Burke?" enquired Blaise of Mrs. Craig, as he handed her tea. "Didn't he come back with you?"

"Geoffrey? Oh, no. He's not coming down till the end of April. You know he detests Willow Ferry in the winter—'beastly wet swamp,' he calls it! He's dividing his time between London and Leicestershire—London, while that long frost stopped all hunting."

Mrs. Craig was evidently on a footing of long-established intimacy with the Staple household, and Jean, listening quietly to the interchange of news and of little personal happenings, regarded her with rather critical interest. She was not altogether sure that she liked her, but she was quite sure that, wherever her lot might be cast, Judith Craig would never occupy the position of a nonentity. She had considerable charm of manner, and there was a quite unexpected fascination about her smile —unexpected, because, when in repose, her thin lips lay folded together in a straight and somewhat forbidding line, whereas the moment they relaxed into a smile they assumed the most delightful curves, and two little lines, which should have been dimples but were not, cleft each cheek on either side of the mouth.

All at once Mrs. Craig turned to Jean as though she had made up her mind about something over which she had been hesitating.

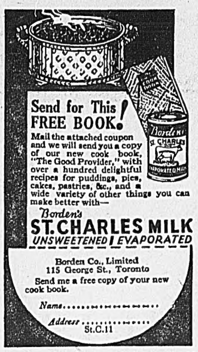
"Have I seen you anywhere before?" she asked, her charming smile softening the abruptness of the question. "Your face is so extraordinarily familiar."

Jean shook her head.

"I don't think so," she answered. "I'm sure I should remember you if we met anywhere. Besides I've lived abroad all my life; this is only my first visit to England."

"I think I can explain," said Lady Anne. There was a deliberateness about her manner that suggested she was about to make a statement which she was aware would be of some special interest to at least one of the party. "Jean is Glyn Peterson's daughter; so of course you see a likeness, Judith."

(To Be Continued.)



Incident Of Laura Secord

Explanation Of Omission Of Narrative From Ontario Text Books

Omission of the story of Laura Secord from Ontario public and high Schools' history and text books is the subject of a statement issued by Hon. Georges Henry, Premier of the Province and Minister of Education, in which he declares criticism is probably due to insufficient acquaintance with the facts.

"In the first place let me emphasize there is no intention of disparaging this incident of the tramp of Laura Secord from Queenstown to Beaver Dams, and in the proposed revision of the third reader the officers of the department are suggesting that the story of Laura Secord be included," he says.

"The authorized text books, both public and high school, in Canadian history purposely emphasize parts of history other than wars in which Canada has engaged. For this reason the War of 1812-15 has been touched upon lightly, and many stories of brave deeds have necessarily been omitted," the Premier declares.

Omission of the Laura Secord exploit from the new history compiled by Professor W. S. Wallace, librarian of the University of Toronto, brought the matter into prominence.

Rapid Air Travel

From Paris To New York In Six Hours Is Now Predicted

Air speeds of 500 miles an hour, cutting the time between New York and Paris to six hours, were predicted to be within the bounds of possibility by Henry Farman, aviation pioneer, work on whose stratosphere 'plane is now progressing at Billancourt, France.

It will be two months still before the "mystery ship" is completed and six months before tests at gradually increasing altitudes are finished.

Farman said it is necessary to guard against "fantastic dreams," but he thought 500 miles an hour at a height of between 45,000 and 60,000 feet is theoretically possible, depending upon conditions in the stratosphere, which, he said, must be still further explored.

Persian Balm is unrivalled for promoting feminine loveliness. Tones and rejuvenates the skin. Makes it exquisitely soft-textured. Makes hands flawlessly white. Especially recommended to soothe and relieve roughness or chafing caused by weather conditions. Indispensable to every dainty woman. Cool and refreshing. Delicately fragrant. Magical in results. Never leaves a vestige of stickiness. Persian Balm is the one toilet requisite for the woman who cares for charm and elegance.

Yellow Peril Again

A Japanese sea force growing more rapidly than either the United States or British navies was cited by Chairman Hale of the U.S. Senate Naval Committee as a reason for building the United States fleet up to treaty limits.

Showing a man that he's wrong won't stop the argument. It will only make him more angry.

WHEN FOOD SOURS

ABOUT two hours after eating many people suffer from sour stomachs. They call it indigestion. It means that the stomach nerves have been over-stimulated. There is excess acid. The way to correct it is with an alkali, which neutralizes many times its volume in acid.

The right way is Phillips' Milk of Magnesia—just a tasteless dose in water. It is pleasant, efficient and harmless. Results come almost instantly. It is the approved method. You will never use another when you know.

Be sure to get the genuine Phillips' Milk of Magnesia prescribed by physicians for correcting excess acids. 50c a bottle—any drug store.

The ideal dentifrice for clean teeth and healthy gums is Phillips' Dental Magnesia, a superior toothpaste that safeguards against acid-mouth. (Made in Canada.)

A Remarkable Century

Grand Old Man Of Woodstock Says Depression Is Only Artificial

In his annual birthday message to his fellow citizens, appearing in the Sentinel Review, Rev. Dr. W. T. McMullen, Woodstock's "Grand Old Man," who recently celebrated his 101st birthday anniversary, says in part:

"The century through which I have lived is the most remarkable in all history with the exception of the first century. The Incarnation, ministry and finished work of the Saviour makes the first century the greatest of all centuries, but in point of inventions, progress and general improvement the last hundred years has no parallel. When King William IV. filled the throne of Britain, when I was born, there was not a railroad in England, Scotland or Ireland. There were no steamships sailing the ocean. There were no telegraphs or telephones, no electric lighting. The postage on a letter from Canada to Britain was 25 cents.

"The present generation do not know their comforts and privileges, and yet we are passing through a time of depression. But it is purely artificial. The bounties of Divine Providence have filled to overflowing our storehouses and elevators. But the works of men have blocked the channels of trade with high tariffs, and glutted the markets with overproduction. Conditions will right themselves in due course."

Little Helps For This Week

"If any man will come after me, let him deny himself, and take up his cross daily, and follow Me."—Luke ix. 23.

Mine is a daily cross of petty cares,
Of little duties pressing on my heart,
Of little troubles hard to reconcile,
Of inward troubles overcome in part.

I dare not lay it down; I only ask
That, taking up my daily cross, I may
Follow my Master, humbly, step by step,
Through clouds and darkness, unto perfect day.

Christ comes to us morning by morning to present to us for the day then opening divers little crosses, thwartings of our own will, interferences with our plans, disappointments of our little pleasures. Do we kiss them, and take them up and follow in His rear, like Simon the Cyrenian, or do we toss them from us scornfully because they are so little, and wait for some great affliction to approve our patience and resignation to His will? Despise not little crosses; for when taken up and lovingly accepted at the Lord's hand, they have made men meet for a crown, even the crown of righteousness and life, which the Lord hath promised to them that love Him.—Edward Meyrick Gouldburn.

Always Ready and Reliable.—Practically all pains arising from inflammation can be removed with Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil. Simply rub it on the sore spot and it is quickly absorbed by the skin. Its healing power is conveyed to the inflamed tissue which is quickly soothed. This fine old remedy is also a specific for all manner of cuts, scratches, bruises and sprains. Keep a bottle handy always.

THE RHYMING OPTIMIST

—By Aline Michaelis—

LEGEND

Was she as beautiful, as glowing
As men have said?
Was she so fair that her going
Life's glamour fled?

Cast she, in truth, enchantment's magic
On those she met,
Till all their past, though glad or tragic
They would forget?

Was she so lovely sunlight darkened
When she drew near,
With voice so sweet the linnets hearkened,
Grew still, to hear?

Ah, could she break fond hearts asunder
At her blithe will,
Or was she part of youth's own wonder
Men cherish still?

Harold—"How does your new cigarette lighter work?"

Freddy—"Fine, I can light it with one match."

A pleasant medicine for children is Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator, and it is excellent for driving worms from the system.

Try Miss McFarlane's Favorite Recipe for BISCUITS

½ teaspoon salt
2 cups pastry flour (or 1¾ cups bread flour)
4 teaspoons Magic Baking Powder
2 tablespoons shortening
¾ cup milk, or half milk and half water

Sift together flour, baking powder and salt. Cut in the chilled shortening. Now add the chilled liquid to make soft dough. Toss dough onto a floured board and do not handle more than is necessary. Roll or pat out with hands to about ½ inch thickness. Cut out with a floured biscuit cutter. Place on slightly greased pan or baking sheet and bake in hot oven at 450° F. 12 to 15 minutes.

"For Light, Flaky

Biscuits

use **Magic Baking Powder,"**

says Miss M. McFarlane, dietitian of St. Michael's Hospital, Toronto

"I RECOMMEND Magic because I know it is pure, and free from harmful ingredients."

Miss McFarlane's opinion is based on a thorough knowledge of food chemistry, and on close study of food effects upon the body. On practical cooking experience, too.

Most dietitians in public institutions, like Miss McFarlane, use Magic *exclusively*. Because it is always uniform, dependable, and gives consistently better baking results.

And Magic is the favorite of Canadian housewives. It outsells all other baking powders combined.

You'll find Magic makes all your baked foods unusually light and tender . . . and gives you the same perfect results *every time*.

• • •

Free Cook Book—When you bake at home, the new Magic Cook Book will give you dozens of recipes for delicious baked foods. Write to Standard Brands Ltd., Fraser Avenue and Liberty Street, Toronto, Ont.

"Contains no alum." This statement on every tin is our guarantee that Magic Baking Powder is free from alum or any harmful ingredient.

Made in Canada

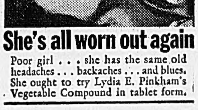
Vancouver's Population

Vancouver has a population of 246,593. The revised figures are based on the census of last year. In the census of 1921 the population covering the same area and including South Vancouver and Point Grey was 163,220.

The most critical book reviewer is the banker. He can tell in a minute whether your writing is any good or not.

Douglas fir trees, estimated to be fully 900 years old, are still to be found on Vancouver Island.

Try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound



She's all worn out again

Poor girl . . . she has the same old headaches . . . backaches . . . and blues. She ought to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound in tablet form.

"SICK HEADACHE?"

IT is not necessary to give-in to headaches. It is just a bit old-fashioned! The modern woman who feels a headache coming on at any time, takes some tablets of Aspirin and heads it off.

Keep Aspirin handy, and keep your engagements. Headaches, systemic pains, come at inconvenient times. So do colds. You can end them before they're fairly started if you'll only remember this handy, harmless form of relief. Carry it in your purse and insure your comfort while shopping; your evening's pleasure at the theatre. Those little nagging aches that bring a case of "nerves" by day are ended in a jiffy. Pains that once kept people home are forgotten half an hour after taking Aspirin! You'll find these tablets always help. In every package of Aspirin tablets are proven directions which cover colds, headaches, sore throat, toothache, neuralgia, neuritis, sciatica, and even rheumatism.

The tablets stamped Bayer won't fail you, and can't harm you. They don't depress the heart. They don't upset the stomach. So take them whenever you need them, and take enough to end the pain. Aspirin is made in Canada.

BAYER

Made in Canada

January 22-23 Specials

R. & W. Tea, per lb.	45c
Gillette's Lye	15c
3-lbs. Baking Powder	63c
5-lbs. Prunes	52c
Raspberry Jam	51c
Men's Fleece Combinations	$1.50
Men's Wool Combinations	2.50
Apples, per box	2.10

Red & White Store
Owned and Operated by
Acadia Produce Co.
C. W. RIDEOUT — GEO. E. AITKEN

Heard Around Town

Walter Jenks is a Calgary visitor this week.

Mrs. Wm. Davis is a Calgary visitor this week.

Miss Hazel Broston left Monday morning for Calgary.

Miss Ethel Young visited for a week with her sister, Miss Margaret, at Hanna.

Mrs. Barton, who has been ill for the past week, is able to be around again.

Wm. Milligan has been on the sick list for a few days but is now able to be out again.

Capt. C. O. Peters and Mr. O. Meikle left by motor for Calgary Tuesday morning.

Rev. Wollett's subject for next Sunday evening will be "The Place of God in a Troubled World."

Lorne Proudfoot, M.L.A., left Monday morning for Edmonton where he attended the U.F.A. convention.

Sponsored by the B.P.O E., a badminton club has been formed at Youngstown with about forty members. Chinook next?

The work on the additional street lights is progressing rapidly and when completed will make a vast improvement to the town, especially at night.

Monday evening's meeting of Chinook Chamber of Commerce was taken up with the compiling of a set of by-laws. The need of a community hospital was brought before the members.

August Rosenau and son, Walter, delivered a few head of cattle to Youngstown and, while unloading, both father and son got their faces slightly frozen.

A community party was held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Connell, north of town, when about fifty friends and neighbors gathered. A most enjoyable time was spent by all. The evening was spent in dancing and playing cards. At the close a very fine lunch was served.

Chinook Curlers Stage Successful Bonspiel

Thirteen rinks competed in the mixed novelty bonspiel which commenced last week and ended Wednesday evening.

The successful rinks were as follows:

Grand Challenge

1, Oscar Nelson; 2, Otto Meilke.

Merchants

1, Wm. Lee; 2, W. Willigan.

Consolation

1, Homer Butts; 2, Lloyd Robinson.

Judging from the hotly contested games played to the finals, there was some excellent curling. The Swedish rink, from authentic reports, owes its success to the fact that the skip was seen to be taking large nips of snooze at regular intervals.

The Butts rink are sure to enjoy the hard-earned jam as it took 9 games to win the coveted prizes.

Hurley declares himself: "Look out for me at the next 'spiel, boys."

We hope to see another 'spiel as successful as the previous one staged again in the near future.

Collholme Collections

Miss Grace Laidlaw was a visitor at the Spreeman home over the week-end.

Fast Friday a number of the young folks enjoyed the evening at the Collholme skating rink.

The annual school meeting of Swan was held last Saturday. Mr. J. Coutte was elected trustee, successor of George Thompson.

Alfred and Myrtle Brotherson spent Monday evening at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Spreeman.

Estelle MacKinnon is on the sick list. We wish her a speedy recovery.

The Church of the Nazarene, Red Deer, are broadcasting their Sunday morning service, Jan. 24, 11.30, over station C.K.Z.C., Red Deer. They are on the air every second Sunday.

The Annual Burns' Nicht Concert and Dance

under the auspices of the Chinook and District Agricultural Society
will be held in the School Hall
Chinook, Jan. 29th
Concert starts at 8 p.m.
A good program is being prepared which will include an address on Robert Burns by a Scotchman.
The Local Orchestra can be depended upon to supply peppy music for the dance. See bills for further particulars.

Here and There

Hockey sticks to the number of 574,414, valued at $177,689, or an average of 30 cents apiece, were made in Canada in 1930. Tennis rackets in the same year numbered 83,245 with a value of $234,503.

The population of Canada, according to last year's census, is 10,353,778, an increase in 10 years of 1,565,829, or 17.82 per cent. The largest provincial population is in Ontario with 3,426,488. Saskatchewan, Alberta and Manitoba rank third, fourth and fifth.

A new rose has been produced at the Canadian Government Central Experimental Farm, Ottawa, hardy enough to withstand the climate at Ottawa without protection. It is a pale pink, blooming until the middle of June.

Brigadier-General H. F. Macdonald, of Vancouver, officially opened the Banff Winter Carnival Toboggan Slide, December 28. The General, Mrs. Macdonald, and their small daughter Mary made the official opening mile-a-minute run down the slide.

The biggest moose of the 1931 season in New Brunswick, with an antler spread of 56 inches, fell to the gun of Andrew Porter, Philadelphia sportsman. There had been three moose shot this year in New Brunswick, prior to this trophy, with spreads of 54 inches.

The Eastern International Dog Sled Derby will be held at Quebec February 22, 23 and 24, it is announced officially. Closing this, among the most colorful winter sport events of the season throughout Canada, the Dog Derby Costume Ball will take place at the Chateau Frontenac, Quebec, Wednesday evening, February 24.

The Oxford and Cambridge teams of skiers from the Old Country picked Canada and the Laurentians this year as the scene of their exploits, in place of Switzerland during the Christmas-New Year vacation, as part of the all-British programme of spending within the Empire. They had enough snow at Christmas to justify their venture and the success of the trip was placed beyond doubt by the heavy snowfall of January 2.

Creation of a Department of Communications, Canadian Pacific Railway, having supervision over the railway's telegraph, telephone and radio broadcasting services and taking the place of the former Canadian Pacific Railway Telegraphs, became effective January 1. W. D. Neil was appointed general manager of the new department, vice John McMillan, retired general manager of the Telegraphs Department. His assistant general manager is E. H. Goodfellow, who succeeds J. Mitchell, retired.

Let the buyers know what you have for sale or trade.

January Clearance Specials

Boy's Black Wool Stockings, sizes from 6 to 10
Special from 39c
Tea Towelling with red border,
Special, per yard, 10c
Colored Terry Towelling, special, 2 yds 35c
Men's Coat Sweaters, special, $1.95
Coffee, fresh ground or Bean, per lb., 25c
Evaporated Peaches, 2 lbs 35c

HURLEY'S

We Do . . .

all kinds of repair work
Repairing all makes of cars
Lathe and machine work
Oxy-Acetylene welding
Battery charging and repairing
SKATE SHARPENING

COOLEY BROS.
Phone 10, Chinook

Secure your
Fresh Frozen Fish Now
CHINOOK MEAT MARKET

Has your subscription expired?

The more particular you are about a beverage, the more likely you are to order

Pilsner Beer

The Pre-war Brew After the Famous Old-Style Formula

Renowned for its Quality

Served in Bottles Only at Hotels and Clubs — Sold by the Case from Our Branch Warehouses

Agents for the Brewing Industry of Alberta

DISTRIBUTORS LIMITED
Phone 648 — DRUMHELLER

This advertisement is not inserted by the Alberta Liquor Control Board or by the Government of the Province of Alberta

CHINOOK MARKET PRICES

WHEAT

1 Northern	$ .41
2 Northern	.36
3 Northern	.32
No. 4	.30
No. 5	.27
No. 6	.24
Feed	.24

OATS

2 C. W.	.18
3 C. W.	.15
Feed	.13

BUTTER AND EGGS

Butter
Eggs

Small Advertisements

Advertisements under this heading are charged at the rate of 50c for 25 words or less per week, with 10c for each additional 5 words. Three weeks for the price of two.

WANTED—The news from every part of the Chinook district. Send it in.

CHINOOK UNITED CHURCH

Sunday School every Sunday 11 a.m.
Sunday, Jan. 24 service at 7.30 p.m.

Come and enjoy the services with us.

Pastor, J. D. Woollatt, B.A.

CHINOOK CATHOLIC
Service Second Sunday Every Month, Mass at 9 a.m.

COMPLETE YOUR TRAVEL ARRANGEMENTS AND BUY YOUR Steamship and Rail Tickets FROM THE LOCAL AGENT CANADIAN NATIONAL He represents all Rail and Steamship Lines To All Parts of the World.

CROCUS LODGE, No 115, A.F. & A.M.
meets at 8 p.m. on Wednesday on or after full moon. Visiting brethern cordially welcomed.
W. S. LEE, W.M., J. W. LAWRENCE, Sec.

Motor Truck Delivery
Prompt Service, Prices Reasonable
M. L. CHAPMAN .·. Chinook

J. W. Bredin
Licensed Auctioneer
For Dates Phone 4 or Write Box 49 — CEREAL

Chinook Beauty Parlor
First-Class Work at Reasonable Prices
Open for business at all times except Monday mornings
Miss Mae Petersen, Prop.
Phone 5, CHINOOK

BURNS' NICHT CONCERT AND Dance
— AT —
Chinook
January 29
under auspices of Chinook and District Agricultural Society
Peppy Music by Chinook Orchestra. Good Time Assured